

Kentucky 1915 (c) Waiver Statewide Transition Plan

I. Background

On March 17, 2014, updated Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) final rules became effective in the Federal Register for 1915(c) waivers, 1915(i) state plan services, and 1915(k) community first choice state plan option. As they pertain to 1915(c) waivers, these rules include requirements for several areas of HCBS: all residential and non-residential settings, provider-owned residential settings, person-centered planning process, service plan requirements, and conflict-free case management. The goal of the HCBS final rules is to improve the services rendered to HCBS participants and to maximize the opportunities to receive services in integrated settings and realize the benefits of community living. The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) is allowing five years (until March 17, 2019) for states and providers to transition into compliance with the all settings and provider-owned settings requirements.

As part of the five year transition period, states must submit transition plans to CMS that document their plan for compliance. The first of these transition plans is a waiver-specific transition plan and is required when a state submits a waiver renewal or amendment. The other required transition plan is a statewide transition plan to bring all 1915(c) waivers into compliance, and is due 120 days after the submission of the first transition plan. This statewide transition plan describes the process to bring all 1915(c) waivers for a state into compliance with the HCBS all-settings and provider-owned settings requirements.

II. Introduction

The Commonwealth of Kentucky (KY) Department for Medicaid Services (DMS) operates six HCBS waivers under the 1915(c) benefit: Acquired Brain Injury (ABI), Acquired Brain Injury-Long Term Care (ABI-LTC), Home and Community-Based (HCB), Michelle P. (MPW), Model Waiver II (MIIW), and Supports for Community Living (SCL). ABI, ABI-LTC, and SCL waivers are residential, while HCB, MPW, MIIW are non-residential. Each waiver, except for MIIW, includes the option for Participant Directed Services (PDS). The following descriptions offer a high-level summary of the scope and participation for each of KY's HCBS waivers:



- ABI participants are adults aged 18 and older with acquired brain injuries working to re-enter community life who meet nursing facility level of care (907 KAR 3:090).
- ABI-LTC participants are adults aged 18 and older who meet nursing facility level or care and have a primary diagnosis of an acquired brain injury which necessitates supervision, rehabilitative services, and long term supports (907 KAR 3:210).
- HCB participants are individuals who are elderly or disabled and meet nursing facility level of care, but are able to remain in or return to their homes (907 KAR 1:160).
- MPW participants are those with a developmental or intellectual disability and who require a protected environment while learning living skills, having educational experiences, and developing awareness of their environment. MPW allows individuals to remain in their homes with services and supports (907 KAR 1:835).
- MIIW participants are individuals who reside in their homes and meet ventilator dependent status and require ventilator support for at least twelve (12) hours per day. MIIW participants receive only skilled nursing and respiratory therapy services in their home (907 KAR 1:595).
- SCL participants are individuals who have an intellectual or developmental disability and meet the requirements for residence in an intermediate care facility for people with intellectual disabilities. SCL allows individuals to remain in their homes with services or to live in residential settings (907 KAR 12:010).

A. Purpose

The purpose of this statewide transition plan is to outline the assessments that DMS has completed, and planned remedial actions to bring all HCBS waivers into compliance with the HCB setting final rules. DMS submitted the transition plan specific to MPW on August 28, 2014 to CMS, which started the 120 day clock to submit this Statewide Transition Plan. This Statewide Transition Plan serves as a guide for transitioning all HCBS waivers into compliance with the all settings and provider-owned settings rules. The goal of the implementation of these requirements is to facilitate the integration and access of waiver participants into the greater community, including providing opportunities to seek employment and work in competitive integrated settings, engage in community life, control personal resources, and receive services in the community, to the same degree as individuals not receiving Medicaid HCBS.

Another objective of this plan is to give stakeholders an opportunity to provide input on KY's process to comply with the HCBS final rules. Stakeholders include waiver participants, legal guardians, families, parents, siblings, wives, husbands, advocacy groups, friends, and providers.



Throughout this process, one of DMS' goals is to actively engage stakeholders in the implementation of the final rules. For the purposes of this document, if a participant has a legal guardian, the legal guardian is included in all references of the participant.

B. Overview

This Statewide Transition Plan contains the process that DMS is using to evaluate and revise the Kentucky HCBS waivers. The first section describes the assessments that were conducted to determine the compliance of each waiver with HCBS final rules at the state level. The assessments focused on two components: policy (regulation and waiver application) and monitoring processes. The second section is the provider assessment, which includes residential and non-residential settings, and the results of provider surveys. After the assessment section, the remedial strategy section is outlined, with a focus on state and provider remedial actions. The state remedial strategy includes four subsections: 1) policy, 2) operations, 3) participants, and 4) technology. The provider-level remedial strategy includes the process for settings presumed not to be HCBS, as well as suggested sample remedial actions. The fourth and final section of this transition plan includes the process for public comment.

C. Timeline

The overarching timeline per year for KY's transition to become compliant with the HCBS final rules is located below. The timeline highlights the major activities that will occur from the time the Statewide Transition Plan is approved by CMS through March 2019 (the date by which the transition must be completed). The timeline was developed to give providers enough time to comply with the requirements and to minimize disruption for participants through the transition. The HCBS final rules will be implemented in two rounds. The first round changes include HCB setting requirements that are simpler to implement, while the second round changes include the HCBS setting requirements that are more complex, and therefore, more challenging to implement.

The transition activities are split into four activity categories: transition plan, provider compliance, heightened scrutiny, and regulations and waiver application amendments. Each activity category has subsequent sub-activities within it and a proposed start/finish time.



Table 2.1 Statewide Transition Plan Timeline

2014-2015			
	Start Date	End Date	
Transition Plan	12/19/14	Ongoing	
Submit transition plan to CMS	12/19/14	12/19/14	
Receive transition plan approval	12/19/14	Ongoing	
Provider Compliance	1/1/15	Ongoing	
First Round Changes ¹			
Develop HCBS evaluation tool (monitoring tool for determining compliance)	1/1/15	3/31/15	
Develop compliance plan template for providers to complete and notify providers of initial compliance level	1/1/15	3/31/15	
Host public forums for providers and participants (families, advocates, etc.)	2/1/15	5/31/15	
Conduct routine evaluations and on-site assessments with the updated HCBS evaluation tool to validate each provider's compliance plan and level of compliance	3/1/15	10/31/15	
Host webinars for providers and distribute compliance plan template	4/1/15	4/30/15	
Review and approve/deny providers' plans	5/1/15	10/1/15	
Deadline for providers to submit compliance plans for first round changes	9/15/15	9/15/15	
Regulations & Waiver Amendments	1/1/15	1/1/19	
Determine regulation language with workgroup for first round of changes	1/1/15	2/28/15	
Draft revised regulations	3/1/15	4/1/15	
Review regulations by department/leadership	4/1/15	8/15/15	
Submit revised regulations	8/15/15	8/15/15	
Regulation public comment period	8/15/15	9/30/15	
Submit HCB waiver renewal to CMS	4/1/15	4/1/15	
Submit SCL waiver renewal to CMS	6/1/15	6/1/15	
Submit MIIW waiver renewal to CMS	7/1/15	7/1/15	



2016		
	Start Date	End Date
Regulations & Waiver Amendments	1/1/15	1/1/19
Revised HCBS regulations become effective	2/1/16	4/1/16
ABI-LTC waiver renewal public comment period	2/25/16	3/25/16
Submit ABI-LTC waiver renewal to CMS	4/1/16	4/1/16
MPW waiver renewal public comment period	4/21/16	5/20/16
Submit MPW waiver renewal to CMS	6/1/16	6/1/16
ABI waiver renewal public comment period	8/25/16	9/23/16
Submit ABI waiver renewal to CMS	9/30/16	9/30/16
Heightened Scrutiny	1/1/16	4/15/17
Develop tool for on-site reviews of providers	1/1/16	1/31/16
Conduct on-site reviews of providers who may require heightened scrutiny based on their submitted compliance plan template and mapping	2/1/16	7/31/16
Finalize list of providers who will require heightened scrutiny based upon documentation collected from compliance plan templates, mapping, and on-site visits	8/1/16	8/7/16
Organize documentation from compliance plan templates, mapping, on-site visits, and public comments from stakeholders for each provider who will need heightened scrutiny	8/1/16	9/30/16
Update statewide transition plan to include final list of providers who will require heightened scrutiny	8/8/16	8/15/16
Transition plan public comment period	8/16/16	9/15/16
Submit updated transition plan to CMS	9/30/16	9/30/16
2017		
Provider Compliance	1/1/15	1/1/19
Second Round Chai	nges ¹	
CMS conduct heightened scrutiny of providers	1/1/17	12/31/17
Host public forums for providers and participants (families, advocates, etc.)	4/1/17	6/30/17
Develop HCBS evaluation tool (monitoring tool for determining compliance)	7/1/17	9/30/17
Develop compliance plan template for second round changes	7/1/17	9/30/17
Host webinars for providers and distribute compliance plan template	10/1/17	1/1/18
Regulations & Waiver Amendments	1/1/15	1/1/19



Determine regulation language with workgroup for second round of changes	1/15/17	5/1/17
Draft revised regulations	5/1/17	8/1/17
Review regulations by department/leadership	8/1/17	12/31/17
2018-2019		
Provider Compliance	1/1/15	Ongoing
Second Round Cha	nges ¹	
Review and approve/deny heightened scrutiny providers' plans for compliance	1/1/18	3/1/18
Implement relocation plans for participants who are receiving services from providers who are deemed not to be home and community-based based on heightened scrutiny	3/1/18	12/31/18
Deadline for providers to submit compliance plans for second round changes	5/15/18	5/15/18
Incorporate second round HCBS final rules in all ongoing reviews	7/1/18	Ongoing
Regulations & Waiver Amendments	1/1/15	1/1/19
Submit revised regulations	1/1/18	1/1/18
Regulation public comment period	1/1/18	2/28/18
2018-2019		
Regulations & Waiver Amendments	1/1/15	1/1/19
Regulations become effective	7/1/18	7/1/18
Regulations are implemented (state and providers must be fully compliant)	1/1/19	1/1/19

^{1.} First round changes include HCBS setting requirements that are simpler to implement, while second round changes include the HCBS setting requirements that are more complex, and therefore, more challenging to implement.

III. Assessment Process - Systemic Review

A. Regulation and Waiver Application Assessment

To evaluate the compliance of the KY HCBS waivers with the HCBS final rules, DMS established a regimented process led by a workgroup of staff from three departments representing each waiver from across the Cabinet for Health and Family Services (CHFS). The review included a detailed analysis of each waiver regulation, including manuals incorporated by reference, each application approved by CMS, and related state regulations, such as provider and enrollment regulations, against each requirement of the federal HCBS rule.

The workgroup categorized and color-coded state regulations and applications into three groups:



- 1) State policy and requirements meet the final rules (green)
- 2) State policy and requirements have similar language to the final rules, but need to be strengthened (yellow)
- 3) State policy and requirements do not specifically address all provisions of final rules, so language needs to be added (red)

For group one, no action is required. For group two, language and requirements in state policy have similar language to the final rules, but need to be strengthened. While some operational practices comply with the federal standards, state policies do not fully meet the final rules, and therefore, DMS needs to implement policy changes. For group three, current state policy does not specifically address all provisions of final rules, so language needs to be added. While some operational practices have similar intent to the federal standards, they do not fully meet the final rules and therefore, DMS needs to add additional requirements to policies.

Below is the summary analysis of each HCBS waiver operating in KY as it relates to the HCBS final rules. DMS will need to update waiver policies (regulations), operational areas, and monitoring practices to comply with the final rules. The tables below contain only the applicable HCBS final rules or applicable parts of the HCBS final rules. All HCBS final rules that were edited for the purposes of this document are indicated with an asterisk (*).

Table 3.1 ABI and ABI-LTC waiver regulation and application analysis

ABI & ABI-LTC Waivers - Residential (907 KAR 3:090 & 907 KAR 3:210; 907 KAR 7:005)

Not compliant; minor changes required. State policy and requirements have similar language to the final rules, but need to be strengthened.

- The setting is selected by the individual from among setting options including non-disability specific settings and an option for a private unit in a residential setting. The setting options are identified and documented in the person-centered service plan and are based on the individual's needs, preferences, and, for residential settings, resources available for room and board.
- Ensures an individual's rights of privacy, dignity and respect, and freedom from coercion and restraint.
- Facilitates individual choice regarding services and supports, and who provides them.
- Each individual has privacy in their sleeping or living unit.
- Individuals are able to have visitors of their choosing at any time.

Not compliant with the following rules. Federal language and requirements do not currently exist in state policy and requirements and need to be added.

• The setting is integrated in and supports full access of individuals receiving Medicaid HCBS to the greater community, including opportunities to seek employment and work in competitive integrated settings, engage in community life, control personal resources, and receive services in the community, to the same degree of access as individuals not receiving Medicaid HCBS.



ABI & ABI-LTC Waivers - Residential (907 KAR 3:090 & 907 KAR 3:210; 907 KAR 7:005)

- Optimizes, but does not regiment, individual initiative, autonomy, and independence in making life choices, including but not limited to, daily activities, physical environment, and with whom to interact.
- Home and community-based settings do not include the following:
 - (v) Any other locations that have qualities of an institutional setting, as determined by the Secretary. Any setting that is located in a building that is also a publicly or privately operated facility that provides inpatient institutional treatment, or in a building on the grounds of, or immediately adjacent to, a public institution, or any other setting that has the effect of isolating individuals receiving Medicaid HCBS from the broader community of individuals not receiving Medicaid HCBS will be presumed to be a setting that has the qualities of an institution unless the Secretary determines through heightened scrutiny, based on information presented by the State or other parties, that the setting does not have the qualities of an institution and that the setting does have the qualities of home and community-based settings.*
- The unit or dwelling is a specific physical place that can be owned, rented, or occupied under a legally enforceable agreement by the individual receiving services, and the individual has, at a minimum, the same responsibilities and protections from eviction that tenants have under the landlord/tenant law of the State, county, city, or other designated entity. For settings in which landlord tenant laws do not apply, the State must ensure that a lease, residency agreement or other form of written agreement will be in place for each HCBS participant and that the document provides protections that address eviction processes and appeals comparable to the jurisdiction's landlord/tenant law.
- Units have entrance doors lockable by the individuals, with only appropriate staff having keys.
- Individuals sharing units have a choice of roommates in that setting.
- Individuals have freedom to furnish and decorate their sleeping and living areas within the lease or other agreement.
- Individuals have the freedom and support to control their own schedules and activities, and have access to food at any time.
- The setting is physically accessible to the individual.
- Modifications to provider-owned settings:
 - The requirements must be documented in the person-centered service plan in order to modify any of the criteria.
 - The person-centered service plan be reviewed, and revised upon reassessment of function need, at least every 12 months, when the individual's circumstances or needs change significantly, or at the request of the individual.
 - o Identify a specific and individualized assessed need.
 - o Document the positive interventions and supports used prior to any modifications to the person centered service plan.
 - o Document less intrusive methods of meeting the need that have been tried but did not work.
 - o Include a clear description of the condition that is directly proportionate to the specific assessed need.
 - o Include a regular collection and review of data to measure the ongoing effectiveness of the modification.
 - o Include established time limits for periodic reviews to determine if the modification is still necessary or can be terminated.
 - Include informed consent of the individual.
 - o Include an assurance that interventions and supports will cause no harm to the individual.



Table 3.2 HCB waiver regulation and application analysis

HCB Waiver - Non-residential (907 KAR 1:160; 907 KAR 7:005)

Not compliant; minor changes required. State policy and requirements have similar language to the final rules, but need to be strengthened.

- The setting is selected by the individual from among setting options including non-disability specific settings. The setting options are identified and documented in the person-centered service plan and are based on the individual's needs, and preferences.*
- Facilitates individual choice regarding services and supports, and who provides them.

Not compliant with the following rules. Federal language and requirements do not currently exist in state policy and requirements and need to be added.

- The setting is integrated in and supports full access of individuals receiving Medicaid HCBS to the greater community, including opportunities to seek employment and work in competitive integrated settings, engage in community life, control personal resources, and receive services in the community, to the same degree of access as individuals not receiving Medicaid HCBS.
- Ensures an individual's rights of privacy, dignity and respect, and freedom from coercion and restraint.
- Optimizes, but does not regiment, individual initiative, autonomy, and independence in making life choices, including but not limited to, daily activities, physical environment, and with whom to interact.
- Home and community-based settings do not include the following:

 (v) Any other locations that have qualities of an institutional setting, as determined by the Secretary. Any setting that is located in a building that is also a publicly or privately operated facility that provides inpatient institutional treatment, or in a building on the grounds of, or immediately adjacent to, a public institution, or any other setting that has the effect of isolating individuals receiving Medicaid HCBS from the broader community of individuals not receiving Medicaid HCBS will be presumed to be a setting that has the qualities of an institution unless the Secretary determines through heightened scrutiny, based on information presented by the State or other parties, that the setting does not have the qualities of an institution and that the setting does have the qualities of home and community-based settings.*

Table 3.3 MPW regulation and application analysis

MPW - Non-residential (907 KAR 1:835; 907 KAR 7:005)

Not compliant; minor changes required. State policy and requirements have similar language to the final rules, but need to be strengthened.

- The setting is selected by the individual from among setting options including non-disability specific settings. The setting options are identified and documented in the person-centered service plan and are based on the individual's needs, and preferences.*
- Ensures an individual's rights of privacy, dignity and respect, and freedom from coercion and restraint.
- Facilitates individual choice regarding services and supports, and who provides them.

Not compliant with the following rules. Federal language and requirements do not currently exist in state policy and requirements need to be added.



MPW - Non-residential (907 KAR 1:835; 907 KAR 7:005)

- The setting is integrated in and supports full access of individuals receiving Medicaid HCBS to the greater community, including opportunities to seek employment and work in competitive integrated settings, engage in community life, control personal resources, and receive services in the community, to the same degree of access as individuals not receiving Medicaid HCBS.
- Optimizes, but does not regiment, individual initiative, autonomy, and independence in making life choices, including but not limited to, daily activities, physical environment, and with whom to interact.
- HCBS do not include the following: (v) Any other locations that have qualities of an institutional setting, as determined by the Secretary. Any setting that is located in a building that is also a publicly or privately operated facility that provides inpatient institutional treatment, or in a building on the grounds of, or immediately adjacent to, a public institution, or any other setting that has the effect of isolating individuals receiving Medicaid HCBS from the broader community of individuals not receiving Medicaid HCBS will be presumed to be a setting that has the qualities of an institution unless the Secretary determines through heightened scrutiny, based on information presented by the State or other parties, that the setting does not have the qualities of an institution and that the setting does have the qualities of home and community-based settings.*

Table 3.4 SCL waiver regulation and application analysis

SCL Waiver - Residential (907 KAR 12:010; 907 KAR 7:005)

Not compliant; minor changes required. State policy and requirements have similar language to the final rules, but need to be strengthened.

- The setting is integrated in and supports full access of individuals receiving Medicaid HCBS to the greater community, including opportunities to seek employment and work in competitive integrated settings, engage in community life, control personal resources, and receive services in the community, to the same degree of access as individuals not receiving Medicaid HCBS.
- The setting is selected by the individual from among setting options including non-disability specific settings and an option for a private unit in a residential setting. The setting options are identified and documented in the person-centered service plan and are based on the individual's needs, preferences, and, for residential settings, resources available for room and board.
- Ensures an individual's rights of privacy, dignity and respect, and freedom from coercion and restraint.
- Optimizes, but does not regiment, individual initiative, autonomy, and independence in making life choices, including but not limited to, daily activities, physical environment, and with whom to interact.
- Facilitates individual choice regarding services and supports, and who provides them.
- Each individual has privacy in their sleeping or living unit.
- Individuals are able to have visitors of their choosing at any time.



SCL Waiver - Residential (907 KAR 12:010; 907 KAR 7:005)

Not compliant with the following rules. Federal language and requirements do not currently exist in state policy and requirements and need to be added.

- Home and community-based settings do not include the following:
 - (v) Any other locations that have qualities of an institutional setting, as determined by the Secretary. Any setting that is located in a building that is also a publicly or privately operated facility that provides inpatient institutional treatment, or in a building on the grounds of, or immediately adjacent to, a public institution, or any other setting that has the effect of isolating individuals receiving Medicaid HCBS from the broader community of individuals not receiving Medicaid HCBS will be presumed to be a setting that has the qualities of an institution unless the Secretary determines through heightened scrutiny, based on information presented by the State or other parties, that the setting does not have the qualities of an institution and that the setting does have the qualities of home and community-based settings.*
- The unit or dwelling is a specific physical place that can be owned, rented, or occupied under a legally enforceable agreement by the individual receiving services, and the individual has, at a minimum, the same responsibilities and protections from eviction that tenants have under the landlord/tenant law of the State, county, city, or other designated entity. For settings in which landlord tenant laws do not apply, the State must ensure that a lease, residency agreement or other form of written agreement will be in place for each HCBS participant and that the document provides protections that address eviction processes and appeals comparable to the jurisdiction's landlord/tenant law.
- Units have entrance doors lockable by the individuals, with only appropriate staff having keys.
- Individuals sharing units have a choice of roommates in that setting.
- Individuals have freedom to furnish and decorate their sleeping and living areas within the lease or other agreement.
- Individuals have the freedom and support to control their own schedules and activities, and have access to food at any time.
- The setting is physically accessible to the individual.



SCL Waiver – Residential (907 KAR 12:010; 907 KAR 7:005)

- Modifications to provider-owned settings:
 - o The requirements must be documented in the person-centered service plan in order to modify any of the criteria.
 - The person-centered service plan be reviewed, and revised upon reassessment of function need, at least every 12 months, when the individual's circumstances or needs change significantly, or at the request of the individual.
 - o Identify a specific and individualized assessed need.
 - o Document the positive interventions and supports used prior to any modifications to the person centered service plan.
 - o Document less intrusive methods of meeting the need that have been tried but did not work.
 - o Include a clear description of the condition that is directly proportionate to the specific assessed need.
 - o Include a regular collection and review of data to measure the ongoing effectiveness of the modification.
 - o Include established time limits for periodic reviews to determine if the modification is still necessary or can be terminated.
 - o Include informed consent of the individual.
 - o Include an assurance that interventions and supports will cause no harm to the individual.

1. MIIW Assurance (907 KAR 1:595)

MIIW is a unique waiver in that the waiver only includes two highly technical services for individuals who are ventilator-dependent and require ventilator support for at least 12 hours per day. The individual must reside in his/her home and all services provided by the waiver must be rendered in the individual's home. DMS provides assurance that the MIIW complies with all setting rules since all services are performed in the individual's home and not provider-owned or controlled residential, or non-residential settings. DMS presumes that each MIIW participant's home comports with all HCB setting rules. The CHFS waiver staff validated that all services are performed in the individual's home.

B. Monitoring Process Assessment

DMS has set monitoring requirements for each of the HCBS waiver providers operating in KY and these monitoring processes will continue while providers comply with the HCBS final rules. The workgroup outlined these monitoring processes, including the oversight process and participant and provider surveying process. Each process was then analyzed to determine the impact of the HCBS final rules and areas requiring revision were identified. Some monitoring tools will need to be updated to incorporate the new federal requirements so that CHFS waiver staff evaluates providers appropriately. If necessary, KY will increase the frequency and percentage of providers selected for review to confirm that CHFS waiver



staff effectively track provider compliance. After providers have fully implemented the HCBS final rules, monitoring processes will continue with compliant tools and standards. Table 3.5 below describes the current monitoring/oversight process for each waiver, the participant and/or provider surveys that are conducted, and the areas that will need to be updated to comply with the HCBS final rules. If the department acts regarding a certified waiver provider due to the provider's behavior in one 1915(c) HCBS waiver program, the action regarding the certified waiver provider shall apply in every 1915(c) HCBS waiver program in which the provider is participating. PDS is specifically separated in Table 3.5 since PDS for all waivers is centrally monitored by CHFS waiver staff through separate waiver monitoring processes.

Table 3.5 Current waiver monitoring processes

Current Mo	nitoring Process		
Waiver	Current Oversight Process	Participant and Provider Surveys	Areas Requiring Revision
ABI, ABI- LTC	 Every agency must be certified by state staff prior to the initiation of a service (new agencies are reviewed at regular intervals) Every agency is re-certified annually by state staff to validate compliance The certification process includes monitoring throughout the year and is based on compliance with state regulation Case managers track agencies and locations as an additional line of monitoring If there are reported issues/complaints, then the state staff might conduct a site visit, review the agency, investigate the issue, or refer the issue to the Office of Inspector General (OIG) The citation and sanctions process is outlined in regulation 	ABI/ABI-LTC participant surveys are distributed annually by state staff	 The tools, including checklists used during onsite monitoring, do not include all of the new HCBS rules State staff do not base their evaluations on all of the new HCBS rules Case managers do not base their agency monitoring on all of the new HCBS rules Participant surveys need to be developed focusing on compliance with the HCBS final rules with mechanisms in place to eliminate provider influence
НСВ	 Every agency must be licensed as a home health agency or adult day health center (ADHC) The DMS contracted Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) 	Participant interviews are carried out during on-site monitoring	The tools, including checklists used during on- site monitoring, do not
	agency completes all first line evaluations of HCB providers		



Waiver	Current Oversight Process	Participant and Provider Surveys	Areas Requiring Revision
	 The evaluations are on-site and include quality questions posed to participants (are you treated with respect, are you aware of your case manager, were you given freedom of choice, etc.), agency policies and procedures, billing, and post-payment audits Waiver providers are evaluated on a two or three year cycle State staff complete second line monitoring for a random sample of the provider evaluations completed by DMS contracted QIO agency The citation and sanctions process is outlined in regulation 		include all of the new HCBS rules • State staff and monitoring QIO agency do not base their evaluations on all of the new HCBS rules • Monitoring process manuals do not include all of the new HCBS rules • Participant surveys need to be developed focusing on compliance with the HCBS final rules with mechanisms in place to eliminate provider influence
MPW	 Every agency must be certified by state SCL staff (including all SCL training and processes) or be licensed by OIG to provide Medicaid HCB services Every agency is recertified/licensed by respective waiver state staff annually The DMS-contracted QIO agency completes first line monitoring for a sample of MPW participants The citation and sanctions process is outlined in regulation 		 The tools, including checklists used during onsite monitoring, do not include all of the new HCBS rules State staff do not base their evaluations on all of the new HCBS rules Participant surveys need to be developed focusing on compliance with the HCBS final rules with mechanisms in place to eliminate provider influence



Waiver	Current Oversight Process	Participant and Provider Surveys	Areas Requiring Revision
SCL	 Every agency must be certified by state staff prior to the initiation of a service Every agency is recertified at least once during their certification period (bi-annually, annually, or biennially) The citation and sanctions process is outlined in regulation 	Providers are required by regulation to participate in all department survey initiatives, including surveying participants	 The tools, including checklists used during onsite monitoring, do not include all of the new HCBS rules Participant surveys need to be developed focusing on compliance with the HCBS final rules with mechanisms in place to eliminate provider influence
PDS (All waivers)	 Every agency is evaluated annually The monitoring process includes reviewing participant records, incident reports, and complaints Home visits or phone interviews with waiver participants are completed The citation and sanctions process is outlined in regulation 	Participant satisfaction surveys are distributed by the provider prior to monitoring and are reviewed by state staff during the monitoring process	 The tools, including checklists used during onsite monitoring, do not include all of the new HCBS rules State staff do not base their monitoring on all of the new HCBS rules Consumer PDS training is not based on the new HCBS rules Participant surveys need to be developed focusing on compliance with the HCBS final rules with mechanisms in place to eliminate provider influence



IV. Provider Assessment

To determine the providers' compliance level, the workgroup used provider surveys as an initial estimate and followed up with more detailed compliance plan templates. Providers "self-assessed" their compliance with the HCBS final rules through surveys. The CHFS waiver staff reviewed the survey results, validated each provider's response, and assigned each provider a level of compliance. After the review of the provider surveys, the state required providers to complete a compliance plan template, where the providers were asked to provide more detailed information to demonstrate their current compliance or describe how they would become compliant. The state began reviewing compliance plan templates as they were received and used the following methods of validating the providers' responses:

- Staff review: CHFS waiver staff, including Quality Assurances (QA), who are familiar with the providers reviewed each of the surveys
- Mapping: Each setting location of the provider was mapped to determine its proximity to any non-HCB settings (institutions, nursing facilities, etc.) as well as co-located and operationally related HCB settings

For providers who remain in category 4 after the state's validation process, DMS will be conducting an on-site visit to confirm that the provider will need to undergo heightened scrutiny. The on-site assessment process will be developed with input from self-advocates, family members, advocates, and providers. During that on-site visit, the CHFS waiver staff will seek to conduct interviews with participants about their experiences to assist with the heightened scrutiny process. Any setting that remains in category 4 after the on-site visit will be published for public comment in the next iteration of the statewide transition plan. After the public comment period is complete, the DMS will submit the providers and all documentation to CMS for heightened scrutiny.

Below are the updated categorizations of provider compliance for both residential and non-residential providers, based upon initial surveys, compliance plan templates, and the state's validation process. Providers will have ample opportunity to review their compliance level and make modifications where possible to come into compliance. Providers were notified of their updated compliance level in November 2015.



A. Residential Settings

As part of evaluating provider compliance with the HCBS final rules, the workgroup conducted a web-based survey in June 2014 for residential providers to measure each provider's compliance level with the rules. The workgroup drafted questions using language provided by CMS, and included text boxes for providers to offer additional information for each requirement of the rule. The survey had 100% participation from HCBS residential waiver providers in KY (ABI, ABI-LTC, and SCL) and is included in Appendix A. Achieving 100% participation required individual outreach to each provider by members of the workgroup. The workgroup then summarized the provider data to establish initial estimates of compliant/non-compliant providers.

After analyzing the providers' self-reported compliance level, CHFS waiver staff from each residential waiver thoroughly reviewed provider responses. The purpose of this review was to validate that the survey responses submitted align with what has been observed by CHFS waiver staff during regular on-site provider evaluations. The workgroup selected the CHFS waiver staff to complete this validation because of their deep knowledge and experience with the residential providers. After completing survey validation, the workgroup categorized each residential provider into one of four compliance levels, as defined by CMS:

- Fully align with the federal requirements
- Do not comply with the federal requirements and will require modifications
- Cannot meet the federal requirements and require removal from the program and/or the relocation of individuals
- Are presumptively non-HCB but for which the state will provide evidence to show that those settings do not have the characteristics of an institution and do have the qualities of HCB settings (to be evaluated by CMS through the heightened scrutiny process)

In order to more accurately evaluate providers, the state required each provider to complete a compliance plan template. After the compliance plan templates were reviewed and validated through the state's process, each provider's compliance level was updated based on the additional information. The updated results of the residential provider survey, validation by CHFS waiver staff, compliance plan template, and mapping are outlined in Tables 4.1 and 4.2 below. The total number of providers is captured in Table 4.1 while the total number of setting locations is captured in Table 4.2.



Table 4.1 All residential providers

Compliance Level	Number of Providers	Main Areas of Non-Compliance
Provider only has settings that fall under Category (1) Fully align with the federal requirements	0	
Provider only has settings that fall under Category (2) Do not comply with the federal requirements and will require modifications	Level I (Staffed Residence, Group Home): 72	 The setting is integrated in and supports full access of individuals receiving Medicaid HCBS to the greater community Optimizes, but does not regiment, individual initiative, autonomy, and
	Level II (Adult Foster Care, Family Home Provider): 26	 independence in making life choices Lease agreement Individuals have the freedom and support to control their own schedules and activities
Provider only has settings that fall under Category (3) Cannot meet the federal requirements and require removal from the program and/or the relocation of individuals	0	
Provider only has settings that fall under Category (4) Are presumptively non-HCB but for which the state will provide evidence to show that those settings do not have the characteristics of an	Level I (Staffed Residence, Group Home): 6	 Multiple settings co-located and operationally related Operated in multi-family properties with more than one unit occupied by
institution and do have the qualities of HCB settings (to be evaluated by CMS through the heightened scrutiny process)	Level II (Adult Foster Care, Family Home Provider): 0	 more than one unit occupied by individuals receiving Medicaid HCBS Operated in a remote location (farmstead)
Provider has settings that are in both categories (2) and (4)	Level I (Staffed Residence, Group Home): 33	
	Level II (Adult Foster Care, Family Home Provider): 9	

^{1.} The large majority of Level I providers are staffed residences. There are only 14 group home providers in the Commonwealth of Kentucky.



Table 4.2 All residential settings

Compliance Level	Number of Settings	Main Areas of Non-Compliance
(1) Fully align with the federal requirements	0	
(2) Do not comply with the federal requirements and will require modifications	Level I (Staffed Residence, Group Home): 1,063	 The setting is integrated in and supports full access of individuals receiving Medicaid HCBS to the greater community Optimizes, but does not regiment, individual initiative, autonomy, and independence in making life choices
	Level II (Adult Foster Care, Family Home Provider): 373	 Lease agreement Individuals have the freedom and support to control their own schedules and activities
(3) Cannot meet the federal requirements and require removal from the program and/or the relocation of individuals	0	
(4) Are presumptively non-HCB but for which the state will provide evidence to show that those settings do not have the characteristics of an institution and do have the qualities of HCB settings (to be evaluated by CMS through the heightened scrutiny process)	Level I (Staffed Residence, Group Home): 249	 Multiple settings co-located and operationally related Operated in multi-family properties with more than one unit occupied by individuals receiving Medicaid HCBS Operated in a remote location (farmstead
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Level II (Adult Foster Care, Family Home Provider): 3	- Operated in a remote rocation (farifisteau

^{1.} The large majority of Level I setting locations are staffed residences. There are only 14 group home providers in the Commonwealth of Kentucky.



B. Non-Residential Settings

In addition to a survey targeted for residential providers, the workgroup created a similar survey for non-residential providers that focused on the HCB setting requirements. The workgroup developed this survey using CMS' toolkits and distributed it to non-residential providers via email and provider letters. The non-residential survey is outlined in Appendix B. The target provider types for this survey were ADHCS, home health agencies, day training (DT), and other non-residential waiver providers, such as case managers, who render services to the waiver population. Approximately 40% of the total non-residential waiver providers in the state completed the survey. The providers who responded to the survey render a variety of services, including DT, ADHC, home health agencies, case management, behavior supports, and physical/occupational/speech therapy.

Since there was not 100% participation by non-residential providers, DMS required 100% participation of the compliance plan template from all providers who render services to HCBS waiver participants. Similar to the residential survey data, after receiving providers' responses, the workgroup analyzed the providers' self-reported compliance level. The CHFS waiver staff reviewed and validated the survey responses and the workgroup then categorized each non-residential provider into one of four compliance levels, as defined by CMS:

- Fully align with the federal requirements
- Do not comply with the federal requirements and will require modifications
- Cannot meet the federal requirements and require removal from the program and/or the relocation of individuals
- Are presumptively non-HCB but for which the state may provide evidence to show that those settings do not have the characteristics of an institution and do have the qualities of HCB settings (to be evaluated by CMS through the heightened scrutiny process)

The results of the non-residential provider survey, compliance plan templates, and the state's validation process are outlined in Table 4.3. If a provider serves participants across waivers, and/or renders both DT and ADHC, the provider was only counted once. The number of providers used in Table 4.3 represents the number of provider agencies, while Table 4.4 represents the number of non-residential setting locations. Please note, case management and home health agencies who provide services only in the home are not included in the counts. If a provider operates both residential and a non-residential day program, they were counted twice: once in table 4.1 as a residential provider and once in table 4.3 as a non-residential provider.



Table 4.3 All non-residential providers

Category	Number of Providers	Main Areas of Non-Compliance
Provider only has settings that fall under Category	ADHC: 3	
(1) Fully align with the federal requirements	DT: 4	
	Supported Employment: 2	
	Behavior/Community Support: 7	
Provider only has settings that fall under Category (2) Do not comply with the federal requirements	ADHC: 63	The setting is integrated in and supports full
and will require modifications	DT: 110	access of individuals receiving Medicaid HCBS to the greater community
	Supported Employment: 4	Optimizes, but does not regiment, individual initiative outcomes and independence in
	Behavior/Community Support: 35	initiative, autonomy, and independence in making life choices
Provider only has settings that fall under Category (3) Cannot meet the federal requirements and require removal from the program and/or the relocation of individuals	0	
Provider only has settings that fall under Category	ADHC: 1	Multiple settings co-located and
(4) Are presumptively non-HCB but for which the	DT: 1	operationally related
state will provide evidence to show that those	Supported Employment: 0	
settings do not have the characteristics of an	Behavior/Community Support: 0	
institution and do have the qualities of HCB settings (to be evaluated by CMS through the heightened scrutiny process)	ADHC: 8	 Located in a building that is also a facility that provides in-patient institutional treatment
		 On the grounds of, or immediately adjacent to a public institution
Provider has settings that are in both categories	ADHC: 0	
(2) and (4)	DT: 2	
	Supported Employment: 0	
	Behavior/Community Support: 0	



Table 4.4 All non-residential settings

Category	Number of Settings	Main Areas of Non-Compliance
(1) Fully align with the federal requirements	ADHC: 13	
	DT: 4	
	Supported Employment: 2	
	Behavior/Community Support: N/A	
(2) Do not comply with the federal requirements	ADHC: 74	The setting is integrated in and supports full
and will require modifications	DT: 191	access of individuals receiving Medicaid HCBS to the greater community
	Supported Employment: 12	Optimizes, but does not regiment, individual initiative autonomy and independence in
	Behavior/Community Support: N/A	initiative, autonomy, and independence in making life choices
(3) Cannot meet the federal requirements and require removal from the program and/or the relocation of individuals	0	
(4) Are presumptively non-HCB but for which the	ADHC: 1	Multiple settings co-located and
state will provide evidence to show that those	DT: 3	operationally related
settings do not have the characteristics of an	Supported Employment: 0	
institution and do have the qualities of HCB	Behavior/Community Support: N/A	
settings (to be evaluated by CMS through the heightened scrutiny process)	ADHC: 8	Located in a building that is also a facility that provides in-patient institutional treatment
		 On the grounds of, or immediately adjacent to a public institution

V. Remedial Strategies

DMS will implement several strategies over the next five years to transition policies and operations into compliance with the HCBS final rules. The strategies identified in this section are the results of assessments completed to date.



A. State Level Remedial Strategies

1. Policy

The workgroup completed a thorough review of waiver regulations and applications, as outlined in section III. The overarching goal is for each regulation and waiver application to be in compliance with the HCBS final rules. The following table includes the identified changes to each regulation and application that are required to transition KY's waiver policies into compliance with each HCBS rule related to settings.

DMS is implementing the HCBS final rules in two rounds to assure that providers have adequate time to become compliant with all rules. While the second round of changes will not be effective in KY regulations until 2019, DMS and its operating agencies will be educating providers of these requirements and providing technical assistance to help them move toward compliance beginning in 2015. This education will be conducted through webinars, forums throughout the state, as well as through individual site visits and discussions with providers. The timeline of 2019 was selected primarily to allow more time for providers to implement these more time-consuming changes. Additional reasons for the extended timeline are as follows.

- 1. The rules included in the second round may have a significant impact on KY HCBS providers and create an access issue depending on the number of providers who will lose the ability to render services because of the rules, if adequate time is not allowed for implementation.
- 2. DMS has allotted a full year to work with the high volume of providers who will need to undergo heightened scrutiny to assure that DMS can spend adequate time working with each provider.
- 3. DMS is giving time for providers to stabilize the first round of changes before moving into the second round.
- 4. DMS will be educating providers as soon as the rules are fully defined and operationalized. The education and compliance process for the second round changes will start before 2018, giving providers ample time to become compliant.

Table 5.1 Potential waiver regulation and application actions for compliance

Waiver Regulation and Application			
Rule	Potential Actions to be Compliant	Timeline	Status
The setting is integrated in and supports	ABI (907 KAR 3:090), ABI-LTC (907 KAR 3:210), HCB (907 KAR 1:160),	8/1/2017 -	In Progress
full access of individuals receiving	MPW (907 KAR 1:835), SCL (907 KAR 12:010):	1/1/2018	



Rule	Potential Actions to be Compliant	Timeline	Status
Medicaid HCBS to the greater community, including opportunities to seek employment and work in competitive integrated settings, engage in community life, control personal resources, and receive services in the community, to the same degree of access as individuals not receiving Medicaid HCBS;	 Clarify indicators of integration into the greater community and incorporate into the regulation Add stronger language that focuses on outcomes related to the participant's experience Identify potential opportunities to use technology to promote integration ABI (907 KAR 3:090), ABI-LTC (907 KAR 3:210), and MPW (907 KAR 1:835): Add required documentation to ensure an participant's integration into the community, including how opportunities and resources were presented, and the choice(s) made by the participant HCB (907 KAR 1:160): Include clarifying language that community integration is individualized, appropriate, and outlined in the service plan SCL (907 KAR 12:010): Note: Language in the SCL manual is very close, but needs to 	(Second Round)	
The setting is selected by the individual from among setting options including non-disability specific settings and an option for a private unit in a residential setting. The setting options are identified and documented in the person-centered service plan and are based on the individual's needs, preferences, and, for residential settings, resources available for room and board;	 include access to personal resources ABI (907 KAR 3:090), ABI-LTC (907 KAR 3:210), HCB (907 KAR 1:160), MPW (907 KAR 1:835), SCL (907 KAR 12:010): Include assurance that participants must be informed of every available setting option each time s/he is selecting a new setting, every time the participant moves or changes service provider Require case manager to document all available settings options considered and selected by the participant in the service plan Include explanation of how informed choice should be provided ABI (907 KAR 3:090), ABI-LTC (907 KAR 3:210), and SCL (907 KAR 12:010): Include assurance that the participant is included in both the selection of the provider and setting (location), taking into account individual resources and provider restrictions 	1/1/2015 – 4/30/2015 (First Round)	Complete



Rule	Potential Actions to be Compliant	Timeline	Status
	HCB (907 KAR 1:160) and MPW (907 KAR 1:835):		
	• Include assurance that the participant is included in both the		
	selection of the provider and setting (location), and describe how		
	the setting options were presented to the participant		
Ensures an individual's rights of privacy,	ABI (907 KAR 3:090), ABI-LTC (907 KAR 3:210), HCB (907 KAR 1:160),	1/1/2015 -	Complete
dignity and respect, and freedom from	MPW (907 KAR 1:835), SCL (907 KAR 12:010):	4/30/2015	
coercion and restraint;	 Add language ensuring the participant's privacy, dignity, and respect 	(First Round)	
Optimizes, but does not regiment, individual initiative, autonomy, and	ABI (907 KAR 3:090), ABI-LTC (907 KAR 3:210), HCB (907 KAR 1:160), MPW (907 KAR 1:835), SCL (907 KAR 12:010):	1/1/2015 – 4/30/2015	Complete
independence in making life choices,	Add general language to clearly define this rule	(First Round)	
including but not limited to, daily	 Add language allowing the participant to select daily activities and 	(i ii se ii saii a)	
activities, physical environment, and with	with whom they interact		
whom to interact.			
Facilitates individual choice regarding	ABI (907 KAR 3:090), ABI-LTC (907 KAR 3:210), HCB (907 KAR 1:160),	1/1/2015 -	Complete
services and supports, and who provides	MPW (907 KAR 1:835):	4/30/2015	
them.	 Add clear and centrally located definition of freedom of choice All Waivers (Regulation and Application): 	(First Round)	
	Use HCBS rule language		
Home and community-based settings do	ABI (907 KAR 3:090), ABI-LTC (907 KAR 3:210), HCB (907 KAR 1:160),	8/1/2017 –	In Progress
not include the following:	MPW (907 KAR 1:835), SCL (907 KAR 12:010):	1/1/2018	
(i) A nursing facility;	• Include restrictions for providers that have qualities of an	(Second Round)	
(ii) An institution for mental diseases;	institutional setting		
(iii) An intermediate care facility for	• Include restrictions for providers that are located within, on the		
individuals with intellectual disabilities;	grounds of, or immediately adjacent to a public institution, or any		
(iv) A hospital; or	other setting that has the effect of isolating individuals receiving		
(v) Any other locations that have qualities	HCBS		
of an institutional setting, as determined	Include HCBS rule language		
by the Secretary. Any setting that is			
located in a building that is also a publicly			



Rule	Potential Actions to be Compliant	Timeline	Status
or privately operated facility that provides inpatient institutional treatment, or in a building on the grounds of, or immediately adjacent to, a public institution, or any other setting that has the effect of isolating individuals receiving Medicaid HCBS from the broader community of individuals not receiving Medicaid HCBS will be presumed to be a setting that has the qualities of an institution unless the Secretary determines through heightened scrutiny, based on information presented by the State or other parties, that the setting does not have the qualities of an institution and that the setting does have the qualities of home and community-based settings.			
The unit or dwelling is a specific physical place that can be owned, rented, or occupied under a legally enforceable agreement by the individual receiving services, and the individual has, at a minimum, the same responsibilities and protections from eviction that tenants have under the landlord/tenant law of the State, county, city, or other designated entity. For settings in which landlord tenant laws do not apply, the State must ensure that a lease, residency agreement	ABI (907 KAR 3:090), ABI-LTC (907 KAR 3:210), and SCL (907 KAR 12:010): • Add a lease agreement requirement for all residential services • Outline lease agreement process and standards	8/1/2017 – 1/1/2018 (Second Round)	In Progress



Rule	Potential Actions to be Compliant	Timeline	Status
or other form of written agreement will be			
in place for each HCBS participant, and			
that the document provides protections			
that address eviction processes and			
appeals comparable to those provided			
under the jurisdiction's landlord tenant			
law.			
Each individual has privacy in their	ABI (907 KAR 3:090), ABI-LTC (907 KAR 3:210), and SCL (907 KAR	1/1/2015 –	Complete
sleeping or living unit	12:010):	4/30/2015	
	 Add specific language: "Individual has the right to privacy in their living unit" 	(First Round)	
Units have entrance doors lockable by the	ABI (907 KAR 3:090), ABI-LTC (907 KAR 3:210), and SCL (907 KAR	1/1/2015 -	Complete
individual, with only appropriate staff	12:010):	4/30/2015	
having keys to doors	 Add requirement requiring the participant to have keys/locks for both their bedroom door and main house door 	(First Round)	
	Require that only appropriate staff have bedroom door keys		
Individuals sharing units have a choice of	ABI (907 KAR 3:090), ABI-LTC (907 KAR 3:210), and SCL (907 KAR	1/1/2015 –	Complete
roommates in that setting	12:010):	4/30/2015	
	 Add clarifying language allowing the participant to choose to live alone or with a roommate 	(First Round)	
	Add clarifying language allowing the participant to choose		
	roommates and housemates where applicable and based on		
	available resources for room and board		
	Include requirement that providers show documentation of how		
	they presented roommate options to the participant		
Individuals have the freedom to furnish	ABI (907 KAR 3:090), ABI-LTC (907 KAR 3:210), and SCL (907 KAR	1/1/2015 -	Complete
and decorate their sleeping or living units	12:010):	4/30/2015	
within the lease or other agreement	Add requirement allowing participants the freedom to	(First Round)	
	decorate/furnish their living unit as outlined in their lease		



Rule	Potential Actions to be Compliant	Timeline	Status
Individuals have the freedom and support to control their own schedules and activities, and have access to food at any time	 ABI (907 KAR 3:090), ABI-LTC (907 KAR 3:210), and SCL (907 KAR 12:010): Add additional language clarifying that participants must have freedom to control their own schedules Service plan should take into account participant preferences for schedule and activities, including food preferences Add requirement allowing participants access to food/kitchen at any time or as outlined in the service plan Include requirement that providers show documentation of agency policy relating to how participants can control their own schedules and activities, and have access to food at any time 	8/1/2017 – 1/1/2018 (Second Round)	In Progress
Individuals are able to have visitors of their choosing at any time	ABI (907 KAR 3:090), ABI-LTC (907 KAR 3:210), and SCL (907 KAR 12:010): • Add language allowing participants to have visitors of their choosing at any time • Include language regarding responsibility of the participant and respect for others living in the residential setting	1/1/2015 – 4/30/2015 (First Round)	Complete
The setting is physically accessible to the individual	ABI (907 KAR 3:090), ABI-LTC (907 KAR 3:210), and SCL (907 KAR 12:010): • Define physical accessibility • Add language requiring the participant to be able to physically access their building and other appropriate buildings at all times	1/1/2015 – 4/30/2015 (First Round)	Complete
Any modification of the additional residential conditions except for the setting being physically accessible requirement, must be supported by a specific assessed need and justified in the person-centered service plan. The following requirements must be	ABI (907 KAR 3:090), ABI-LTC (907 KAR 3:210), and SCL (907 KAR 12:010): • Add language that treats service plan residential modifications like a "rights restriction"	1/1/2015 – 4/30/2015 (First Round)	Complete



Waiver Regulation and Application			
Rule	Potential Actions to be Compliant	Timeline	Status
documented in the person-centered			
service plan:			
 Identify a specific and individualized 			
assessed need.			
 Document the positive interventions and 			
supports used prior to any modifications			
to the person-centered service plan.			
 Document less intrusive methods of 			
meeting the need that have been tried			
but did not work.			
 Include a clear description of the 			
condition that is directly proportionate			
to the specific assessed need.			
 Include regular collection and review of 			
data to measure the ongoing			
effectiveness of the modification.			
 Include established time limits for 			
periodic reviews to determine if the			
modification is still necessary or can be			
terminated.			
Include the informed consent of the			
individual.			
Include an assurance that interventions			
and supports will cause no harm to the			
individual.			

DMS will submit revised ordinary regulations for setting-related rules in two rounds in order to allow stakeholders time to review and providers time to implement. The HCBS final rules will be implemented in two rounds based on the ease of implementation and complexity of the change. DMS drafted the regulation language for the first round from January 1, 2015 to February 28, 2015. The first round of revised ordinary



regulations were filed in August 2015 and will be effective in February, March, and April 2016. DMS will draft the regulation language for the second round from January 2017 to August 2017, and leadership will begin their review in August, 2017. The second round of revised ordinary regulations will be submitted in January 2018, with an effective date in July 2018, and an implementation date of January 2019. The implementation date of January 2019 is when all providers must be compliant with all HCBS settings final rules.

2. Operations

CHFS waiver staff and the workgroup will be preparing operational practices for compliance over the next three years. This includes developing a tool for providers that outlines the federal requirements and how they will be evaluated, along with hosting a webinar for waiver providers. Once updated state policies take effect, CHFS waiver staff will transition from current operational practices to revised, compliant protocols to administer the HCBS waivers. The HCBS final rules affect several areas of DMS' waiver operations including, but not limited to, internal processes, monitoring, and service delivery. Below is a list of operational changes required for each waiver to bring their practices into compliance.

Table 5.2 Potential waiver operational actions for compliance

All Waivers			
Item	Potential Actions to be in Compliance with HCBS Rules	Timeline	Status
Internal Processes:			
Prior authorizations (PA)	All Waivers:	1/1/2015 –	In
	 Update PA processes to incorporate new HCBS rules in regards to the participant setting selection process 	Ongoing	Progress
State staff training	All Waivers:	1/1/2015 –	In
	 Train PA staff, focusing on the service plan and case management in relation to PAs Train state staff, including waiver and QA staff, on HCBS rules to be able to provide technical assistance to providers Train state staff, including waiver and QA staff, on the transition process, new monitoring processes and checklists, related to the HCBS rules 	Ongoing	Progress
Capacity, resources, and services	All Waivers:	10/1/2015 -	In
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Evaluate provider capacity throughout the state	Ongoing	Progress



ltem	Potential Actions to be in Compliance with HCBS Rules	Timeline	Status
	Determine appropriateness of resources for providers		
	Evaluate if covered services are adequately meeting the needs of		
	the participants, in view of any changes required by the HCBS final		
	rules		
Provider Processes:			
Requirements (mission/values)	All Waivers:	1/1/2015 –	In
	 Providers should update their mission/values and 	Ongoing	Progress
	policies/procedures to align with the new DMS regulations		
Trainings	All Waivers:	1/1/2015 –	In
	Update relevant provider trainings and offer providers all relevant	Ongoing	Progress
	information and trainings		
Transition process	All Waivers:	1/1/2015 –	In
	 Develop HCBS evaluation tool (monitoring tool) and HCBS 	Ongoing	Progress
	compliance plan template to be used by providers, outlining their		
	plan for complete compliance		
	Host webinars for waiver providers		
	Validate each provider's compliance level during annual		
	evaluation		
	Notify providers of their compliance level		
	Complete on-site reviews for all groups based on provider and		
	CHFS waiver staff provider evaluations		
	Review, track, and approve/deny the providers' HCBS compliance		
	plans		
	Assist providers to ensure compliance and resolve any access		
	issues found		
	Use processes outlined in state regulations for provider corrective		
	action or actions not to certify or to terminate non-compliant		
	providers		



All Waivers			
Item	Potential Actions to be in Compliance with HCBS Rules	Timeline	Status
Requirements	All Waivers:	1/1/2015 –	In
	 Validate that the current monitoring processes are sufficient to monitor new and existing providers against the HCBS rules and modify as necessary 	Ongoing	Progress
Tools (on-site items, checklists, etc.)	Update provider checklists and survey tools for provider sites (residential, ADT, ADHC, etc.) based on the revised regulations that comply with the HCBS rules Implement provider requirements using the CMS toolkit to	1/1/2015 – Ongoing	In Progress
	 Implement provider requirements using the CMS toolkit to determine the materials/documentation providers need to submit as validation of HCB setting under heightened scrutiny 		
Surveying process	All waivers:	1/1/2015 –	In
	Update PDS provider on-site surveys	Ongoing	Progress
	Establish process for participant surveys		
Grievance process	All waivers:	10/1/2015 –	In
	Review grievance process and implement updates as needed for	Ongoing	Progress
	participants to file complaints about non-compliant providers		
	Determine method to confirm participants are aware of grievance process		
Miscellaneous:	· ·		•
Communication plan for additional stakeholders (advocacy groups, provider associations, etc.)	Develop stakeholder engagement process to obtain input on implementation of the final rules, focusing on defining and operationalizing rules before policies and tools are established	1/1/2015 – Ongoing	In Progress
	 Host public forums and/or focus groups for providers and participants, representatives, family members, and advocates 		
	 Attend meetings of established public consumer, advocacy, and provider groups to review and provide feedback on key changes 		



All Waivers			
Item	Potential Actions to be in Compliance with HCBS Rules	Timeline	Status
	 Accept public comments from stakeholders during public comment periods for waiver regulations, waiver amendments, and waiver renewals 		
	Communication activities could include periodic email updates		
	with rule summaries, educational materials, webinars, and		
	presentations at conferences and advocacy group meetings upon		
	request		
Relocation Process (due to HCBS rules)	All Waivers:	2/1/2016 –	Not
	Determine relocation process	Ongoing	Started
	ABI, ABI-LTC, and SCL:		
	• Determine how the lease agreement requirement will affect the availability of services and the relocation process		
	Require the service plan team/case manager to be involved in		
	every move of the participant, ensuring the participant has a		
	choice in every move or change in service provider		

3. Participants

The significance of the changes to DMS' HCBS waivers warrants continuous communication with waiver participants and advocacy groups that communicate with participants and their families. Communicating regularly with participants also provides opportunities for CHFS waiver staff to conduct further monitoring of providers. In addition to public notices, CHFS waiver staff will organize outreach to participants to inform them of the key changes to their programs, and confirm they understand their rights. In certain cases, participants may need to be relocated based upon the results of the provider assessments. If the provider falls under compliance level three (not compliant and never will be), CHFS waiver staff will follow the same protocols to relocate participants as currently are in place when providers are terminated.



Table 5.3 Potential participant actions for compliance

All Waivers			
Rule	Potential Actions to be in Compliance with HCBS Rules	Timeline	Status
All HCBS rules	All Waivers:	1/1/2015 –	In Progress
	 Develop stakeholder engagement and education plan and 	Ongoing	
	implement process for informing participants of the HCBS rules		
	 Send information to waiver participants targeted to each 		
	participant's situation explaining waiver changes related to HCBS		
	rules		
	 Include information outlining the new participant rights, 		
	provider requirements, and links to all related information		
Residential rules	ABI, ABI-LTC, and SCL:	1/1/2015 -	In Progress
	 Develop and implement communication process for informing 	Ongoing	
	residential waiver participants of waiver changes related to HCBS		
	rules		
	 Include information outlining the list of new participant 		
	rights, provider requirements, and links to related		
	information		
	 Include lease information and sample leases 		

4. Technology

In April 2015, the Medicaid Waiver Management Application (MWMA), which converts the majority of waiver processes to a central online system, was implemented. The system tracks the application, assessment, and service plan process. Many of DMS' existing waiver forms have been switched from paper to electronic through MWMA, and the HCBS setting final rules impact the language that must be included on the MWMA screens. Below are the primary changes required for the MWMA to comply with the federal requirements.



Table 5.4 Potential technology actions for compliance

Forms:	Potential Actions to be in Compliance with HCBS Rules	Timeline	Status
Plan of care/prior authorization form, long	All Waivers:	1/1/2015 -	Complete
term care facilities and home and	Modify forms/screen within MWMA to comply with HCBS rules	12/15/2015	
community based program certification			
form, Medicaid waiver assessment form,			
SCL demographic and billing information			
form, and SCL freedom of choice and case			
management conflict exemption form			

B. Provider Level Remedial Strategies

As described in section III, the workgroup categorized providers into four compliance levels: 1) fully aligned with federal requirements and require no changes, 2) do not comply with federal requirements and require modifications, 3) cannot meet the federal requirements and require removal from the program and relocation of individuals, and 4) presumed not to be HCB and requires heightened scrutiny. The compliance level of each provider was determined based on surveys, CHFS waiver staff knowledge, compliance plan templates, and mapping, but these are not yet finalized.

The compliance plan template is a tool that the HCBS workgroup developed with input from stakeholders to assist providers in identifying potential areas of non-compliance. This tool is meant for collaboration and is not a corrective action plan. The HCBS workgroup developed templates for each type of provider (case management, residential, non-residential, and any combination of these). Then, each provider received an individualized template containing their responses to the surveys, if the provider participated in the survey, as well as additional questions that the provider must answer. These additional questions have assisted in providing sufficient information to DMS about the current compliance of the provider. Lastly, the provider was asked for their plan for compliance for each of the federal rules that apply. The completed compliance plan template will be continuously used to facilitate discussions with providers about their compliance as well as assist DMS with ongoing monitoring of providers.

CHFS waiver staff will implement the following activities from January 2015 to July 2018 to assist providers in transitioning to compliance.



- 1. Develop an HCBS evaluation tool (monitoring tool) and HCBS compliance plan template for providers to be notified of their initial compliance and identify actions they will complete to address areas of non-compliance
 - a. Distribute HCBS compliance plan template to providers and inform them of their compliance levels
 - b. First round: January 2015 to March 2015
 - c. Second round: July 2017 to September 2017
- 2. Develop and implement HCBS final rule communication plan for providers and stakeholders through webinars, presentations at conferences, and provider association meetings
 - a. The HCBS compliance plan template will follow similar protocols to the current waiver provider corrective action plan (907 KAR 7:005 section 4)
 - b. First round: April 1, 2015 to April 30, 2015
 - c. Second round: October 2017 to January 2018
- 3. CHFS waiver staff will review and approve/deny providers' plans
 - a. First round: May 2015 to October 2015
 - b. Second round: January 2018 to June 2018
- 4. Conduct routine evaluations and on-site assessments with the updated HCBS evaluation tool to validate each provider's compliance plan and level of compliance
 - a. Both rounds: March 2015 to ongoing

For providers in compliance level one (fully align with federal requirements), there will be no changes required of the provider and they can continue providing services. CHFS waiver staff will continue to monitor these providers and participants with on-site visits to verify compliance based on each waiver's updated monitoring process (as outlined in section III).

For providers in compliance level two (do not comply and require modifications), changes are required for the provider to become compliant with the HCBS setting rules. These changes may be short-term (0-3 months) or long-term (3-12 months), but all changes must be completed before the updated state policies are implemented in January 2019. The remedial activities included in Table 5.5 below are examples of activities that the providers may complete to come into compliance with the HCB setting rules. CHFS waiver staff will implement the following activities from January 2015 to July 2018:

- 1. Track provider compliance plans
 - a. First round: May 2015 to October 2015
 - b. Second round: January 2018 to June 2018
- 2. Conduct routine on-site monitoring to review providers' progress towards complete compliance



- a. Both rounds: March 2015 to ongoing
- 3. For non-compliant providers, each waiver will follow the termination process outlined in Kentucky regulations

For providers in compliance level three (not compliant and never will be), DMS will complete an additional on-site meeting with the provider to confirm that the setting does in fact fall under compliance level three. If CHFS waiver staff determine the provider should not be in compliance level three, then they will fall under compliance level four and will require heightened scrutiny. If after the on-site meeting, the setting is confirmed to be in compliance level three, CHFS waiver staff will offer the opportunity for the provider to relocate the setting before the updated state policies become effective. If the provider is able to successfully relocate to a setting that complies with the federal requirements and is able to assure that operations in that setting comply with the HCBS rules, the provider will not be terminated. Should a provider not comply or qualify with HCBS rules for a particular service, they could potentially provide other HCBS services, as long as they comply with the applicable HCBS requirements for those services. However, if the provider chooses not to relocate, is unable to find an appropriate setting, or is unable to come into compliance with the HCBS rules, the provider will be terminated. The provider's termination will be based on 907 KAR 7:005 (Certified waiver provider requirements) or 907 KAR 1:671 (Conditions of Medicaid provider participation; withholding overpayments, administrative appeal process, and sanctions) after revised waiver regulations are effective.

Participant Relocation Process: DMS will identify the waiver participants who will be impacted by provider termination and the process will be outlined. All affected participants will be relocated following the current relocation process. The process will include a person-centered team meeting, where the participant will be given the opportunity, the information, and the supports necessary to make an informed choice of an alternate setting. The CHFS waiver staff will provide reasonable notice and due process to all parties. The transition from the non-compliant provider will not occur until all critical service and supports are in place for the participant to assure consistency in services.

1. Settings presumed not to be HCB (heightened scrutiny process)

For settings in compliance level four (presumed not to be HCB), providers will be required to submit documentation to the state first, outlining how their settings do not have the qualities of an institution and do have the qualities of a HCB setting. The on-site assessment process will be developed with input from self-advocates, family members, advocates, and providers. DMS will conduct an on-site assessment, from 2/1/16 to 7/31/16 for each category 4 setting, and will coordinate closely with these providers to verify they are providing the necessary documentation to prove they have the qualities of a HCB setting. DMS will corroborate provider documentation and send the documentation to CMS for the heightened scrutiny process by 9/30/16. To assist providers in establishing documentation that they have the qualities of a HCB setting, CHFS waiver staff will complete the following activities from November 2015 to September 2016.



- 1. Notify providers that they may need to undergo heightened scrutiny
- 2. Collaborate with providers on additional documentation that must be presented as evidence of being HCB
- 3. Develop the tool for on-site reviews of providers in category 4
- 4. Conduct additional detailed on-site visits to obtain further compliance documentation
- 5. Submit provider's documentation to CMS for determination

For non-compliant providers or providers determined not to be a HCB setting after heightened scrutiny is conducted by CMS, the termination process outlined in regulation 907 KAR 7:005 (Certified waiver provider requirements) or 907 KAR 1:671 (Conditions of Medicaid provider participation; withholding overpayments, administrative appeal process, and sanctions) will be followed. If the provider is terminated, the aforementioned participant relocation process will be implemented.

Table 5.5 below includes examples of suggested provider level remedial activities that providers may need to complete to come into compliance with the HCBS federal final rules. These examples are based upon CHFS waiver staff observations in reviewing the providers' compliance plan templates.

Table 5.5 Potential provider actions for compliance

Provider Requirements	
Rule	Potential Actions to be Compliant & Timeline
The setting is integrated in and supports full access of individuals receiving Medicaid HCBS to the greater community, including opportunities to seek employment and work in competitive integrated settings, engage in community life, control personal resources, and receive services in the community, to the same degree of access as individuals not receiving Medicaid HCBS;	 Staffed Residence/Adult Foster Care (AFC)/Family Home Provider (FHP)/Group Home Providers: Facilitate participation in the greater community by providing transportation or assisting the participant with accessing public transportation Encourage community integration by assisting participants to make real connections to their community with the goal of increasing independence and decreasing need for paid supports ADHC/DT Providers: Facilitate participation in the greater community Bring the greater community to the day site to interact with the participants in a meaningful way in areas of interest to them All Providers: Ensure participants receive the support and information needed to make choices about the kinds of work and activities they prefer Support participants in their job search with supported and customized employment



Provider Requirements		
	Encourage participants to participate in community activities of their choosing and explore community integration opportunities	
	Ensure participants have access to personal resources	
	Work with participants to help them establish valuable relationships within the community	
	Update mission/values to meet the rule	
The setting is selected by the individual from	Staffed Residence/AFC/FHP/Group Home Providers:	
among setting options including non-disability specific settings and an option for a private	• Ensure that the participant has options that include non-disability specific settings and a private unit if available in the selected setting	
unit in a residential setting. The setting options are identified and documented in the	• Ensure that the participant is given enough information to make an informed choice based on available options and resources.	
person-centered service plan and are based on	ADHC/DT Providers:	
the individual's needs, preferences, and, for	Document all setting options that were considered in the service plan	
residential settings, resources available for	All Providers:	
room and board;	 Provide participants with all setting options available and ensure the participant makes an informed choice for both setting and provider 	
	Case manager must offer each participant a private unit if available in the setting selected	
	Ensure setting options align with participant's needs and preferences	
	Provide staff training	
Ensures an individual's rights of privacy,	Staffed Residence/AFC/FHP/Group Home Providers:	
dignity and respect, and freedom from	• Ensure that the participant has privacy in his/her bedroom and living areas	
coercion and restraint;	ADHC/DT Providers:	
	Train staff on how to treat participants with respect and dignity	
	All Providers:	
	Ensure participant has privacy in all areas	
	• Encourage the participant to come and go as s/he wishes, consistent with the service plan and provide necessary supports to facilitate those needs	
	Update and implement mission/values and policies to meet the rule	
Optimizes, but does not regiment, individual	Staffed Residence/AFC/FHP/Group Home Providers:	
initiative, autonomy, and independence in making life choices, including but not limited	• Empower the participant to make choices about their living arrangements and activities ADHC/DT Providers:	



Provider Requirements	The state of the s	
to, daily activities, physical environment, and	Ensure that the participant has choice of daily activities at the day site	
with whom to interact;	All Providers:	
	• Encourage the participant to create his/her own schedule and provide necessary supports to facilitate choice of activities	
	• Encourage the participant to make independent choices during service plan planning and on a daily basis	
	Establish policies and procedures which encourage individual choice of activities	
	Update and implement mission/values to meet the rule	
Facilitates individual choice regarding services	Staffed Residence/AFC/FHP/Group Home Providers:	
and supports, and who provides them.	• Ensure that the participant has a choice of not only provider setting, but also the direct service provider within that setting	
	• Actively solicit participants' preferences regarding services and staff that provide them	
	All Providers:	
	• Provide necessary information (documents, site visits, etc.) that allows the participant to indicate his/her preferences for services and supports and who provides them	
	• Document all setting and provider options presented and considered by the participant in the service plan	
	Provide staff training	
Home and community-based settings do not	Staffed Residence/AFC/FHP/Group Home Providers:	
include the following:(i) A nursing facility;	Consider alternate housing locations when Medicaid HCBS homes are clustered together	
(ii) An institution for mental diseases;	• Document all integration activities as evidence that the participants are not isolated and that	
(iii) An intermediate care facility for individuals	the setting does not have the qualities of an institution	
with intellectual disabilities;	ADHC Providers:	
(iv) A hospital; or	• Consider integration options for participants who require a high level of medical services	
(v) Any other locations that have qualities of	DT Providers:	
an institutional setting, as determined by the	• Consider options for bringing non-Medicaid HCBS individuals to the setting for meaningful	
Secretary. Any setting that is located in a	interaction based on participants' interests	
building that is also a publicly or privately	All Providers:	
operated facility that provides inpatient institutional treatment, or in a building on the	Depending on compliance level, develop compliance plan to become compliant with HCBS rules	
grounds of, or immediately adjacent to, a	Consolidate documentation of community integration among recipients	



Provider Requirements

public institution, or any other setting that has the effect of isolating individuals receiving Medicaid HCBS from the broader community of individuals not receiving Medicaid HCBS will be presumed to be a setting that has the qualities of an institution unless the Secretary determines through heightened scrutiny, based on information presented by the State or other parties, that the setting does not have the qualities of an institution and that the setting does have the qualities of home and community-based settings.

- Provide documentation that the setting does not have qualities of an institution
- Remove isolating barriers or institutional qualities
- Cooperate with CHFS waiver staff and CMS on-site assessments

Table 5.6 Potential residential provider actions for compliance

Provider Owned/Controlled Setting Requirements		
Rule	Potential Actions to be Compliant	
The unit or dwelling is a specific physical place that can be owned, rented, or occupied under a legally enforceable agreement by the individual receiving services, and the individual has, at a minimum, the same responsibilities and protections from eviction that tenants have under the landlord/tenant law of the State, county, city, or other designated entity. For settings in which landlord tenant laws do not apply, the State must ensure that a lease, residency agreement or other form of written agreement will be in place for each HCBS participant and that the document provides protections that address	Staffed Residence/AFC/FHP/Group Home Providers: Research state laws for leases to understand how to comply Draft lease or legally enforceable document that provides participants the same responsibilities and protections from eviction that tenants have under KY law Include furnishing/decorating guidelines within each lease Review lease document with each participant or guardian and his/her case manager to reach agreement on the rights and responsibilities included in the lease Finalize and agree to lease with each participant residing in the home	



Provider Owned/Controlled Setting Requirements			
Rule	Potential Actions to be Compliant		
eviction processes and appeals comparable to the jurisdiction's landlord/tenant law.			
Each individual has privacy in their sleeping or	Staffed Residence/AFC/FHP/Group Home Providers:		
living unit;	• Continue to offer the participant a private bedroom or explore other options with the service plan team		
	Define and implement what privacy means to each participant both in bedroom and living areas		
	Provide staff training on privacy for participants		
Units have entrance doors lockable by the	Staffed Residence/AFC/FHP/Group Home Providers:		
individuals, with only appropriate staff having	• Ensure that each participant has a key to his/her sleeping unit based on factors in the person-		
keys;	centered plan		
	Provide keys to participant rooms only to appropriate provider staff		
	Provide staff training on when it is appropriate to enter the participants' rooms		
	Require each sleeping unit to have a lockable entrance door and ensure that the participant		
	has a key based on factors in the person-centered plan		
Individuals sharing units have a choice of	Staffed Residence/AFC/FHP/Group Home Providers:		
roommates in that setting;	Continue to ensure that each participant has chosen his/her roommate and/or housemate		
	Re-locate participants to a different room or home if a change is desired		
	Include the participant in new housemate discussions		
Individuals have freedom to furnish and	Staffed Residence/AFC/FHP/Group Home Providers:		
decorate their sleeping and living areas within	Allow participants to furnish and decorate sleeping and living areas		
the lease or other agreement;	Provide staff training		
	Include furnishing/decorating guidelines within each lease		
Individuals have the freedom and support to	Staffed Residence/AFC/FHP/Group Home Providers:		
control their own schedules and activities, and	Encourage participants to control their own schedule as indicated in the service plan and		
have access to food at any time;	provide support to facilitate		
	Give participants an option to help plan, shop, and cook meals		
	Give participants support needed to exercise their rights as a citizen		



Provider Owned/Controlled Setting Requirements			
Rule	Potential Actions to be Compliant		
	• Allow access to appropriate areas of kitchen and food at any time as indicated in the service		
	plan		
	Provide staff training		
	• Provide supports to enable participants to do unscheduled social/community activities		
Individuals are able to have visitors of their	Staffed Residence/AFC/FHP/Group Home Providers:		
choosing at any time;	• Create standard policies related to visitors that are respectful of all participants who are living in the residence, while specifying that participants may have visitors at any time based on factors in the person-centered service plan		
	• Discuss roommate preferences to set appropriate limits to visitor hours, if the participant has a roommate		
The setting is physically accessible to the	Staffed Residence/AFC/FHP/Group Home Providers:		
individual.	 Assure that the participants can enter the home at any time, no matter if they are alone or with staff 		
	 Consider participants' abilities and safety in the environment and make any needed design modifications to promote access and safety. 		
	Comply with all ADA requirements		
	Determine how all participants residing in the home will be given independent access to all entrance doors such as keys or keypads		

VI. Public Comment Process

A. Public Comment - November-December, 2015

DMS posted this Statewide Transition Plan for public comment through many of the same channels previously utilized during the initial submission of the Statewide Transition Plan. These channels included an announcement on the DMS website, publication in newspapers, informal emails to providers, provider associations, and advocacy groups, and a public forum. The public notice was published and posted on November 10, 2015 and provided stakeholders a 30-day public notice and comment period. The public notice can be found at the following website: http://chfs.ky.gov/dms/.



The following is the public comment process instructions for stakeholders that was included in the posting of the Statewide Transition Plan.

If you would like to receive a hard copy of the Statewide Transition Plan, please call (502) 564-4321 or email CMSfinalHCBRule@ky.gov.

If you wish to submit written comments regarding this public notice please do so by emailing them to CMSfinalHCBRule@ky.gov or by mailing them to the following address by December 10, 2015:

Department for Medicaid Services
HCB Final Rule Statewide Transition Plan
Commissioners Office
275 E. Main Street, 6W-A
Frankfort, Kentucky 40621

All public comments were submitted to DMS through mail, email, and the public forum and were evaluated by the workgroup. The workgroup categorized similar comments together, summarized the comments, and responded and/or updated the transition plan accordingly. The summary and response of all comments is described in Table 6.1. If the state's determination differed from the public comment, then additional evidence and the rationale the state used to confirm its determination was included. If the state's determination agreed with the public comment, then the location of the supporting evidence in the transition plan was indicated. All public comments on the transition plan will be retained and available for CMS review during the duration of the transition period or approved waiver, whichever is longer.

Table 6.1 Summary of public comments and response (Public Comment – November-December, 2015)

Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
One commenter noted that a barrier to accessing the community is lack of transportation, and just because someone lives in a community, it does not guarantee that the individual will be able to access the community. The commenter noted that individuals may live in rural area where there is no public	Thank you for your comment. DMS agrees that transportation is an important part of community integration. The Statewide Transition Plan outlines DMS' implementation strategy of the HCBS Final Rules and will not address the specific details about waiver services. Transportation is currently available	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
transportation, and this could lead to the individual being very isolated.	through the State Plan and transportation is also addressed in specific waiver regulations.	
Multiple commenters (7) stated that it is important for families and consumers to have involvement in the implementation of the HCBS Final Rules. They suggested being involved in the process through public comment and surveys as well as providers.	Thank you for your comment. DMS agrees that it is important for families and participants to be involved in the implementation of the HCBS Final Rules. DMS is planning to include self-advocates, family members, advocates, and providers in the design of the process of on-site reviews and will be following up with stakeholders in 2016.	Yes, DMS agrees that stakeholders should be involved in the process and has updated Sections IV. and V. to indicate that stakeholders will be involved in developing the process for on-site reviews of providers.
Multiple commenters (7) noted that person-centered planning should allow for personal choice and that person-centered options should include several options, not just one.	Thank you for your comment. DMS agrees that person-centered planning should allow for several choices.	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.
Multiple commenters (7) indicated that adult day training services need to offer community-based services, while recognizing that some need the consistency of a routine and on-site programs. They also stated that integration and inclusion are important for all and should be done with the respect of the individual.	Thank you for your comment. DMS agrees that integration and inclusions are important for all and each individual should choose their level of integration and inclusion.	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.
One commenter noted that Kentucky adjusted its timeline to move up when it will submit the finalized list of providers requiring heightened scrutiny to CMS (October 14, 2016). The commenter expressed concern that the relocation process is not specific enough in this statewide transition plan.	Thank you for your comment. Based upon recent guidance from CMS, KY is adjusting its timeline slightly to submit its revised statewide transition plan, including the final list of providers, by September 30, 2016.	Yes, the timeline was adjusted to reflect a submission date of September 30, 2016 to CMS.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
	Since the heightened scrutiny process by CMS	
	has not yet occurred and KY does not yet know	
	the number of participants who will need to be	
	relocated, the operational details of the	
	relocation process, should relocation be	
	needed for some waiver members, have not	
	been developed yet. This relocation process	
	will afford participants the same assurances as	
	the current relocation processes described in	
	the residential waivers' regulations (907 KAR	
	12:010, 907 KAR 3:090, and 907 KAR 3:210). KY	
	expects to have a more detailed relocation plan	
	in August, 2016.	
	Thank you for your comment. Person-centered	
	planning and allowing individuals to have	
One commenter inquired about day settings and wanted to know if Kentucky plans to offer individualized day services. Additionally, the commenter was surprised that only 12 non-residential settings were scored as a category 4. The commenter asked if many of the settings would be better suited as a category 4 rather than 2. This commenter noted that	choice in their daily activities are important	
	pieces of the HCBS Final Rules, and KY has	
	included these requirements in their	
	regulations which will be effective in 2016.	No, DMS disagrees with the
		suggestion to alter the evaluation
		method for providers who may be
	All providers will be required to demonstrate	subject to heightened scrutiny and
day settings would be most likely to have the effect of	integration and choice through waiver	not planning to change its evaluation
isolating individuals and asked if Kentucky only took into account physical locations when determining which providers would be subject to heightened scrutiny.	monitoring, regardless of whether or not they	method.
	are subject to heightened scrutiny. CMS has	
	not provided any guidance suggesting that a	
	day setting, by its very nature, would be subject	
	to heightened scrutiny on the basis of isolation.	
	Many day settings had evidence of integration,	
	both with participants going into the greater	



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
	community, and the greater community coming into the day setting.	
One commenter suggested that individuals with disabilities be added to the list of people who will be conducting on-site reviews and for determining what compliance category the provider falls into.	Thank you for your comment. DMS agrees that it is important to include self-advocates and participants in the process of assessing providers. DMS is planning to include self-advocates, family members, advocates, and providers in the design of the process of on-site reviews and will be following up with stakeholders in 2016.	Yes, DMS agrees that stakeholders should be involved in the process and has updated Sections IV. and V. to indicate that stakeholders will be involved in developing the process for on-site reviews of providers.
Two commenters expressed concern that in regards to the monitoring process, it has yet to be determined who will be involved in that process. The commenter noted that providers are a key part of the implementation of the HCS Final Rules.	Thank you for your comment. DMS agrees that providers are an important part of the implementation of the HCBS Final Rules. DMS hosted 2 webinars (March 10 th and March 12 th , one in the morning, one in the afternoon for convenience) to show providers the compliance plan template, explain its purpose, and request their input on the tool. Providers were allowed 2 weeks to provide their comments on the tool prior to it being distributed. DMS agrees that it is important to include self-advocates and participants in the process of assessing providers. DMS is planning to include self-advocates, family members, advocates, and providers in the design of the process of on-site reviews and will be following up with stakeholders in 2016.	Yes, DMS agrees that stakeholders should be involved in the process and has updated Sections IV. and V. to indicate that stakeholders will be involved in developing the process for on-site reviews of providers.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
Two commenters inquired what the heightened scrutiny process will look like. They also asked if providers, participants, and families will be involved in that process. They also noted that while public notice was given, providers and families did not understand the importance or that the surveys were going to be a part of determining providers' levels of compliance.	Thank you for your comment. Heightened scrutiny will be conducted by CMS, not DMS, and will consist of gathering additional information to confirm that the setting is in fact home and community-based. This information may include, but is not limited to, gathering written policies and procedures from providers, on-site visits by CMS to observe practices, and interviews with participants, direct service providers, and family members. DMS agrees that it is important to involve providers, participants, and families in the heightened scrutiny process. In the next revision of the statewide transition plan (anticipated August 2016), the public will have the opportunity to comment on each of the providers that will be subject to heightened scrutiny.	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.
Two commenters asked what "the setting is integrated" means. They stated many in Kentucky have been led to believe that ADTs will not exist in the future. These commenters also asked what the process will be to determine integration and who will be involved in that process.	Thank you for your comment. The "setting is integrated" comes from the federal regulation. DMS' interpretation of this requirement is that an individual has the same opportunity as other individuals not receiving Medicaid HCBS to engage in the broader community. CMS has not provided any guidance to suggest that ADTs will not exist.	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
	Once the integration rule is included in the DMS waiver regulations (anticipated 2019), the provider will be evaluated by CHFS waiver staff of their compliance with this requirement through the monitoring process, including as necessary review of provider policies, on-site visits, waiver participant interviews, etc.	
Two commenters inquired what it means to facilitate individual choice. They also asked if choices will be honored if the choice is to have a variety of services, or if the individual chooses a blend of integration and non-integration.	Thank you for your comment. Facilitating individual choice comes from the federal regulation. DMS' interpretation of this requirement is that providers should be offering choice to individuals, providing education about potential options so individuals can make an informed choice, and assisting the individual so that their choice may be met. DMS believes that each individual should have as much choice as someone not receiving Medicaid HCBS, and that includes choice of integration activities and level of integration.	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.
Two commenters stated that multi-family properties offer opportunities for individuals to live in safe, inclusive neighborhoods and suggested these units be assessed based on the inclusion and community involvement offered within those buildings.	Thank you for your comment. DMS believes it is important for inclusion and community involvement to be characteristics of many types of settings. Based upon guidance from CMS, the nature of multi-family properties could have the effect of isolating individuals and therefore, these properties may be subject to heightened scrutiny. If the services available in these properties are based on inclusion and individual choice, guidance from CMS indicates	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
	that these properties should be found, through heightened scrutiny, to be appropriate home and community-based settings.	
Two commenters asked how multiple settings colocated and operationally related were determined and how DMS will determine inclusion and noninstitutional settings.	Thank you for your comment. As described in this transition plan, multiple settings co-located and operationally related were determined through mapping the area. A provider who owned multiple settings in a close proximity was scored as a category 4. If the provider only owned one setting in the area and did not own any other settings in close proximity, the settings are not operationally related and therefore, the provider would not be scored as a category 4. Through heightened scrutiny, CMS will be determining inclusion and non-institutional settings. It is important to note that CMS will be making the final determination of these settings.	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.
Two commenters asked what it meant by the state remedial action of add required documentation to ensure participants are integrated into the community. They also noted that there is much time spent on writing to meet requirements and posed the question that if more documentation is required, will DMS eliminate some current requirements.	Thank you for your comment. DMS must include requirements in its regulations to ensure that providers are held to the standards established. This remedial action will be important for providers to show how they are compliant with the integration rule. This will not occur until 2019.	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.
Two commenters asked for clarity on the federal requirement of allowing the individual to select a	Thank you for your comment. The individual selecting the setting from among setting	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
setting from among setting options, including non-disability specific settings.	options, including non-disability specific settings comes from the federal regulation. DMS' interpretation of this is that an individual should be offered choice of setting to the same degree as though not receiving Medicaid HCBS, including a non-disability specific setting, within the means of their resources.	
Two commenters asked for clarity on the federal requirement of the setting being physically accessible to the individual. They stated that making a home physically accessible would make it stand out in the community and it is cost prohibitive for providers if it is not necessary.	Thank you for your comment. The setting being physically accessible to the individual comes from the federal regulation. DMS' interpretation of this is that physical accessibility is not just ADA compliance. Physical accessibility means that each individual is able to enter the setting at any time. This does not require that each individual has a key to the setting, but it does require the ability for him/her to get into the home at any time.	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.
	This rule does not require a provider to change the layout of the setting unless the provider is serving an individual who requires it.	
Two commenters asked for clarity about stakeholder engagement and noted that providers, participants, and families want to be involved in the process. One also commented that there has been no stakeholder engagement or involvement except for forums which were mandates and provided general information that anyone could find searching Medicaid.gov. The same commenter stated that no timeframe has been	Thank you for your comment. DMS agrees it is important to involve providers, participants, and families in this process. DMS is planning to include self-advocates, family members, advocates, and providers in the design of the process of on-site reviews and will be following up with stakeholders in 2016.	Yes, DMS agrees that stakeholders should be involved in the process and has updated Sections IV. and V. to indicate that stakeholders will be involved in developing the process for on-site reviews of providers.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
Comment Summary (Number Received) communicated to providers for their plan for compliance.	Forums were not mandated; rather, DMS chose to provide forums to help educate and involve stakeholders. DMS has presented on the HCBS Final Rules many times over the last year and when possible, accepts all invitations to come to speak to various provider group and advocacy organizations. The following is a non-	Update to Transition Plan
	exhaustive list of sample stakeholder engagement opportunities: participant forums, provider presentations (including KAPP in March 2015), provider webinars to gather input on the compliance plan template (March 2015), and advocacy meetings, including the workgroup's status updates at each of the HB144 quarterly meetings and regular updates at CCDD meetings. Specific information about where Kentucky is in the implementation of the HCBS Final Rules has been provided at all aforementioned stakeholder meetings.	
One commenter inquired about how autonomy will be determined. She noted that the 3 person staffed residence model was approved yet some are insisting that each person live independent and staffing be provided for each, which is not funded or sustainable in the current system.	Thank you for your comment. DMS interprets autonomy to mean that the setting, regardless of number of participants, provides opportunities for independence in making life choices, including their daily activities. Regardless of which type of residential setting a participant chooses, each participant's person centered team is responsible for determining the needs of that participant. All participants	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
	are to be afforded opportunities for autonomy. Waiver regulations do not define a required staff to participant ratio for residential settings.	
One commenter stated that no provider was involved in the evaluation tool and that on-site assessment with the updated tool to validate a providers' compliance did not occur.	Thank you for your comment. DMS hosted 2 webinars (March 10 th and March 12 th , one in the morning, one in the afternoon for convenience) to show providers the compliance plan template, explain its purpose, and request their input on the tool. Providers were allowed 2 weeks to provide their comments on the tool prior to it being distributed. DMS is planning to include self-advocates, family members, advocates, and providers in the design of the process of on-site reviews and will be following up with stakeholders in 2016.	Yes, DMS agrees that stakeholders should be involved in the process and has updated Sections IV. and V. to indicate that stakeholders will be involved in developing the process for on-site reviews of providers.
One commenter stated that the forums held between February and March, 2015 were not held in locations convenient for families and participants to attend and that there was only 1 forum for providers which was held at the HB 144 Commission meeting.	Thank you for your comment. DMS scheduled the locations of the forums with the Commonwealth Council on Developmental Disabilities (CCDD) and other advocacy groups in various locations throughout the Commonwealth (Frankfort, Lexington, Prestonsburg, Paducah, Florence, Louisville and Bowling Green) in order to accommodate as many individuals as possible. DMS has made presentations to various provider groups, including KAPP, and	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
	conducted webinars in March for providers to provide input on the compliance plan template.	
One commenter asked what the state is doing to ensure that there are enough providers, especially in remote areas, to the meet the timeframe. The commenter also asked if the providers will have an opportunity to review the heightened scrutiny tool prior to going through the process. The commenter stated that providers were not given information why they were scored the way that they were scored.	Thank you for your comment. DMS recognizes that there are providers in KY who are affected by these rules, particularly the location rule and the integration rule. In order to ensure that there are enough providers who will be compliant with these HCBS Final Rules, KY established a timeframe that gives providers the maximum time allowable to come into compliance with these rules (anticipated effective date of 2019). DMS is planning to include self-advocates, family members, advocates, and providers in the design of the process of on-site reviews and will be following up with stakeholders in 2016. Heightened scrutiny will be conducted by CMS, not DMS, and will consist of gathering additional information to confirm that the setting is in fact home and community-based. DMS distributed compliance plan template evaluation sheets that included explanations for each rule in which the provider was not scored as compliant.	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.
One commenter stated that the issue with the assessment was that the state gave no guidance on how to complete the assessment.	Thank you for your comment. DMS distributed seven pages of instructions to providers with the compliance plan template, which included	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
	screen shots, to provide as much guidance as possible to providers.	
One commenter expressed concern that there was low response, 40%, in the non-residential setting survey. They questioned if this was because the survey was confusing and asked if that 40% was a true representation of non-residential services throughout the state.	Thank you for your comment. The 40% was the estimate of non-residential providers who completed the survey conducted in October, 2014. The compliance plan template had 100% participation of both residential and non-residential providers and therefore, this comment is not applicable.	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.
One commenter asked how capacity of resources and evaluating if covered services are adequately meeting the needs of the participants is being reviewed. They also stated that to date, no information had been shared with providers about this process.	Thank you for your comment. As noted in our transition plan, this is an item that is still in progress. As part of this process, DMS intends to assess the overall adequacy of waiver services and design to support integration. DMS will communicate with providers the results of this review.	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan. Table 5.2 includes a capacity, resources, and services analysis section.
One commenter said that the statewide transition plan acknowledges that there may be providers who lose their ability to render services because of the HCBS Final Rules. The commenter asked what is being done to ensure there are enough providers and stated that it appears there is no plan to assist providers in complying with the rule.	Thank you for your comment. DMS recognizes that there are providers in KY who are affected by these rules, particularly the location rule and the integration rule. In order to ensure that there are enough providers who will be compliant with these HCBS Final Rules, KY established a timeframe that gives providers the maximum time allowable to come into compliance with these rules (anticipated effective date of 2019). DMS is committed to assisting providers in coming into compliance with the HCBS Final	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
	Rules, particularly those who were deemed to be in category 4.	
One commenter expressed concern that providers are supposed to be utilizing MWMA with all forms because they stated the system has not been successful with the case management portion.	Thank you for your comment. This is not applicable to the transition plan.	Not applicable to the transition plan.
One commenter asked if Kentucky's Exchange, kynect, ends in 2016, will that mean MWMA would also end. The commenter requested that all references to MWMA be removed from the statewide transition plan.	Thank you for your comment. Kentucky's health insurance exchange, kynect, and MWMA are not interrelated as the commenter suggests. Rather, MWMA is integrated in the Commonwealth's enrollment and eligibility system, called benefind.	No, DMS disagrees with the comment and will keep the references to MWMA in the plan.
One commenter stated that there have been no clear instructions given from the Cabinet regarding the implementation of the Final Rule in Kentucky. The commenter stated that the QAs were not allowed to provide technical assistance about the Final Rule and MWMA. The same commenter stated that providers who called their QAs were given no help.	Thank you for your comment. DMS continues to provide regular updates on its progress of the implementation of the HCBS Final Rules through provider, participant, and advocacy presentations. There is an ongoing effort to educate CHFS waiver staff to provide technical assistance on the HCBS Final Rules.	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan. Table 5.2 includes remedial actions for state staff training.
One commenter asked who providers should turn to for guidance and planning to ensure they are on the right track to meet the Final Rule standards. They stated there is an email address which you may or may not get a response from.	Thank you for your comment. Providers may contact CHFS waiver staff should they have any questions. DMS established an email address specifically for questions and comments related to the HCBS Final Rules. DMS makes every effort to respond to those emails in a timely matter.	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
	There is an ongoing effort to educate waiver CHFS waiver staff to provide technical assistance on the HCBS Final Rules.	
One commenter suggested that the support teams have participation by the QAs to review each case where a person's residential setting conflicts with the standards set forth in the HCBS Final Rules, which would allow for individual input especially if the person has lived in the home for years.	Thank you for your comment. While CHFS waiver staff are not available to participate in discussions about each individual waiver participant, CHFS waiver staff, including SCL QA staff, will be available for technical assistance.	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan. Table 5.2 includes remedial actions for state staff training.
One commenter stated that community access and supported employment are not the solution for increased community integration. The commenter referenced the statement of consideration process that was done when new regulations were filed to comply with the HCBS Final Rules. The commenter stated that they were shocked to read that community access is not intended to be an alternate for day training, and that there should not be a requirement that it be a service that must be faded out. The commenter also stated that the expectation that individuals can only obtain supported employment or community access if they can fade out of services is inconsistent with the waiver itself. The people the commenter supports are not patients, yet the QIO (SHPS/Carewise) refers to them as patients when providers call.	Thank you for your comment. The Statewide Transition Plan outlines DMS' implementation strategy of the HCBS Final Rules and will not address the specific details about waiver services.	Not applicable to the transition plan.
One commenter requested that providers and selfadvocates be made part of the Final Rules workgroup.	Thank you for your comment. DMS agrees that participants and self-advocates are an important part of the process. DMS is planning to include self-advocates, family members,	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
	advocates, and providers in the design of the process of on-site reviews and will be following up with stakeholders in 2016.	
One commenter stated that if KAPP had been part of the workgroup from the beginning and assisted in developing the assessment tools, they could have helped providers understand the process. The same commenter noted that confusion and lack of understanding led to agency directors delegating out the assessment process, not realizing it would result in a "score".	Thank you for your comment. DMS hosted 2 webinars (March 10 th and March 12 th , one in the morning, one in the afternoon for convenience) to show providers the compliance plan template, explain its purpose, and request their input on the tool. Providers were allowed 2 weeks to provide their comments on the tool prior to it being distributed. Additionally, DMS presented on the HCBS Final Rules and the compliance plan template at the end of March 2015 to KAPP. DMS distributed detailed instructions to providers with the compliance plan template, which included screen shots, to provide as	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.
One commenter is worried how providers who are not KAPP members are absorbing and understanding the process.	much guidance as possible to providers. Thank you for your comment. DMS will continue communications with all waiver providers to ensure providers are aware of the HCBS Final Rules.	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.
One commenter stated that in the second round of evaluations, KAPP providers were more prepared. While the scores improved, the commenter believes there are many settings that are a "4" unnecessarily and now subject to site visits and heightened scrutiny.	Thank you for your comment. The CHFS workgroup carefully evaluated each provider to determine their compliance category. CHFS will be conducting on-site reviews with each provider in category 4 to confirm that they may be subject for heightened scrutiny.	No, DMS disagrees with this comment.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
One commenter noted that the goal of the process is 100% compliance and stated the Cabinet should not be trying to catch providers doing something wrong. The commenter continued to state that the goal should not be to close providers nor should the goal be to relocate individuals. The commenter stated that KAPP understands the rules and agrees with their intent. The commenter stated they need support and assistance, as well as funding, and that the answer cannot be more regulations.	Thank you for your comment. DMS agrees that the goal of the process is 100% compliance and does not want to have to close providers or relocate individuals. DMS is committed to providing support and assistance to providers. Revisions to regulations were required in order to make DMS' waiver regulations compliant with the federal HCBS Final Rules.	Yes, DMS agrees and clarified in Table 5.2 that DMS is training staff to be able to provide support and technical assistance to providers.
One commenter asked if natural alternative options for treating autism would be covered by Medicaid.	Thank you for your comment. Specific waiver services are not a part of this statewide transition plan.	Not applicable to the transition plan.
One commenter stated that she feels individuals should have personal choice about their living arrangements and options regarding how support is provided. The commenter agreed it is important to interact with nondisabled persons but thinks it is unreasonable to dictate volunteers rather than paid, trained support personnel. The commenter also noted that she has been very happy with the services Dreams with Wings has provided to her child for the past ten years. Lastly, the commenter stated that provider, families, and consumers should be involved in the process through public comment and surveys.	Thank you for your comment. DMS agrees that individuals should have choice about their living arrangements and options for how support is provided. DMS also agrees that providers, families, and consumers should be involved via public comment and surveys. DMS is planning to include self-advocates, family members, advocates, and providers in the design of the process of on-site reviews and will be following up with stakeholders in 2016.	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.
One commenter described her personal situation and noted that her son goes to a day program that provides daily opportunity to go out into the community. The commenter noted that one size does not fit all and while some individuals love to be out	Thank you for your comment. DMS realizes that one size does not fit all and agrees that individuals should have choice of activities and where they live. The HCBS Final Rules will not mandate where an individual lives, but it does	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
and about and have the ability to work, some do not.	set guidelines for those residential settings, as	
The commenter also stated that where or how her son	well as non-residential settings. Within those	
lives should not be based on a mandate, but rather	guidelines, the individual will be able to choose	
what the best situation is for him. Lastly, the	a setting that is best aligned with his/her needs	
commenter noted that it is important to involve	and preferences. DMS also agrees that families	
families and consumers in the process of deciding	and consumers should be involved. DMS is	
what is best for participants and urged CHFS to listen	planning to include self-advocates, family	
to the providers and families.	members, advocates, and providers in the	
	design of the process of on-site reviews and	
	will be following up with stakeholders in 2016.	

Summary of modifications based on public comments:

- I. Background timeline adjusted to allow more time for heightened scrutiny and participant relocation (if necessary)
- IV. Provider Assessment assurance of stakeholder input for on-site reviews added
- V. Remedial Strategies assurance of stakeholder input for on-site reviews added and clarification that DMS will be training staff to be
 able to provide technical assistance added

B. Initial Public Comment – November-December, 2014

This Statewide Transition Plan is submitted to CMS and posted on December 19th, 2014. The following website can be used to view the plan: http://www.chfs.ky.gov/dms.

In order to allow stakeholders time to provide input in a convenient and accessible manner, DMS submitted this Statewide Transition Plan for public comment through an announcement on the DMS website, publication in newspapers, public forum, and informal channels. The public notice was published and posted on November 5, 2014 and provided stakeholders a 30-day public notice and comment period. CHFS distributed individual emails to waiver providers, provider associations, members of the HB144 Commission and the Commonwealth Council on Developmental Disabilities (CCDD), and DMS' advocacy distribution list to notify those stakeholders of the Statewide Transition Plan. The following website can be used to view the proposed Statewide Transition Plan: http://www.chfs.ky.gov/dms.



The following is the public comment process instructions for stakeholders that was included in the initial posting of the Statewide Transition Plan.

If you wish to submit written comments regarding this public notice please do so by emailing them to CMSfinalHCBRule@ky.gov or by mailing them to the following address by December 5, 2014.

Department for Medicaid Services
HCB Final Rule Statewide Transition Plan
Commissioners Office
275 E. Main Street, 6W-A
Frankfort, Kentucky 40621

To ask additional questions during the public comment period, please attend the scheduled public meeting. The HB144 Commission member meeting (Kentucky Commission on Services and Supports for Individuals with Intellectual and Other Developmental Disabilities) is open to all citizens and scheduled for December 4, 2014. The meeting will be from 1:00 to 3:00 PM at the following location:

Room 131 of the Capitol Annex Building Frankfort, Kentucky

The public notice and comment period was published in six newspapers (Lexington Herald Leader, Cincinnati/Northern KY Enquirer, Louisville Courier Journal, Bowling Green Daily News, Owensboro Messenger, Kentucky/Cincinnati Enquirer) on November 5, 2014. The evidence for both statements of public notice is outlined in Appendix C and D. DMS and the workgroup also promoted and made informal communication about the transition plan and comment period to the following groups: waiver providers, provider associations, HB144 Commission members, the Commonwealth Council on Developmental Disabilities, and other advocacy groups.

All public comments were submitted to DMS through mail, email, advocacy groups, and the HB144 Commission meeting and were evaluated by the workgroup. The workgroup categorized similar comments together, summarized the comments, and responded and/or updated the transition plan accordingly. The summary and response of all comments is described in Table 6.2. If the state's determination differed from the public comment, then additional evidence and the rationale the state used to confirm its determination was included. If the state's determination agreed with the public comment, then the location of the supporting evidence in the transition plan was indicated. All public comments on the transition plan will be retained and available for CMS review during the duration of the transition period or approved waiver, whichever is longer.



Table 6.2 Summary of public comments and response (Initial Public Comment – November-December, 2014)

Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
One commenter inquired about the missing evidence (statements of public notice) in Appendix C or D.	Thank you for your response. The evidence (statements of public notice) was not available at the time the transition plan was posted for public comment. The evidence has been included in the final submission to the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).	Yes, DMS agrees that documentation in Appendix C and D was missing. Appendix C and D have been updated with the appropriate evidence.
Multiple (6) commenters inquired about why the proposed Statewide Transition Plan did not include a plan or process to match resources/funding with any changes that may be indicated or required. What resources or funding mechanisms (including the US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) funding) will be provided to support mandated changes and processes?	Thank you for your comment. Medicaid's budget does not include the expansion of any Medicaid program, so if additional funding is necessary, then a budget expansion request would be required. Once the specific provider requirements associated with the HCBS final rules are identified, the necessary funding and/or resources will be evaluated.	Yes, DMS agrees that additional waiver services and resources evaluation is required. Table 5.2 has been updated to include a capacity, resources, and services analysis section and action.
One commenter stated that the cost of background checks (\$372) for PDS providers deters or prevents participants from selecting participant directed services (PDS). Medicaid should review the regulations that require the individual to pay for this, and recommend a different source of funding for this cost.	Thank you for your comment. This is not a component of the transition plan, but rather relates to the operations of the waivers. It has been brought to the attention of waiver staff and DMS is actively working on alternative options.	Not applicable to the transition plan.
One commenter inquired about giving participants the same rights as non-participants in regards to having a direct care worker paid for time assisting the participant when the participant goes on a vacation out of state or goes out of state for any purpose. CMS should clarify that this is allowable.	Thank you for your comment. The Department for Medicaid Services (DMS) has not seen any guidance from CMS on this topic.	Not applicable to the transition plan.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
Multiple (4) commenters would like KY to continue to recognize that pre-vocational services may be provided in a variety of community settings and requests that the following language be included in the Plan under nonresidential services: "Consistent with an individualized planning process, pre-vocational services will continue to be regarded as having the potential to be considered community-based to the extent such services are compliant with the guidance for pre-vocational services as contained in the CMS Informational Bulletin published September 16, 2011."	Thank you for your comment. Specific details about individual waiver services are not addressed in the transition plan. Any changes in individual waiver services associated with the new HCBS final rules will be addressed in regulations and will be open for public comment as part of the overall stakeholder involvement process and throughout the Kentucky regulation review process.	Not applicable to the transition plan.
Multiple (15) commenters feel that there is a lack of respite, applied behavioral analysis (ABA) therapy, behavior support, affordable housing, community access, and transportation in their area, specifically for Michelle P Waiver (MPW) and members with autism spectrum disorders. They also feel that DMS should allow both PDS and traditional agencies to provide respite.	Thank you for your comment. Specific details about individual waiver services are not addressed in the transition plan. Any changes in individual waiver services associated with the new HCBS final rules will be addressed in regulations and will be open for public comment as part of the overall stakeholder involvement process and throughout the Kentucky regulation review process. Your comment will be passed along to the appropriate waiver staff.	Not applicable to the transition plan.
One commenter inquired why the seventh waiver (Home and Community-Based Services (HCBS) Transitions) which provides services for individuals with physical disabilities (and the aged) that have left medical facilities through the Kentucky Transitions Program was not included in the transition plan.	Thank you for your comment. All active Kentucky HCBS waivers were addressed in the transition plan. The Transitions waiver was never funded/implemented in the Commonwealth and was terminated on 9/30/14.	No, DMS disagrees with this comment since the HCBS transition waiver was terminated on 9/30/14.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
One commenter's son has met people, gone places, made friends and experienced life with other people outside of his family that he would have never been able to do with just the assistance from his immediate family. They are great supporters of these and other services (MPW) because they have witnessed first-hand the impact that they make on individuals.	Thank you for your comment. DMS appreciates your input.	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.
Multiple (2) commenters inquired if members will still have the freedom to choose and use consumer directed option (CDO). If so, the commenter asked if there are restrictions on who can provide the services.	Thank you for your comment. Specific details about consumer or participant directed services are not addressed in the transition plan. Any changes in this option associated with the new HCBS final rules will be addressed in regulations and will be open for public comment as part of the overall stakeholder involvement process and throughout the Kentucky regulation review process. Your comment will be passed along to the appropriate waiver staff.	Not applicable to the transition plan.
One commenter expressed the importance of waiver services to individuals on the autism spectrum and emphasized the importance of waiver members being able to live in the community and having the choice of living situations.	Thank you for your comment. Choice is intended to be a key component of the HCBS final rules. Specific details about individual waiver services are not addressed in the transition plan. Any changes in individual waiver services associated with the new HCBS final rules will be addressed in regulations and will be open for public comment as part of the overall stakeholder involvement process and throughout the Kentucky regulation review process. Your comment will be passed along to the appropriate waiver staff.	Not applicable to the transition plan.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
One commenter wondered if the MPW transition plan will be updated with more specifics or is the specificity deemed to be found in the Statewide Plan.	Thank you for your comment. The specificity for all waivers is contained in the Statewide Transition Plan.	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.
Multiple (4) commenters urge the Cabinet for Health and Family Services (CHFS) to develop the personcentered planning (PCP) and self-directed components as soon as possible. They feel that through the PCP process the independent assessments of an individuals' needs and strengths will allow them to receive the services they need in a manner that they choose. A commenter inquired if there will be any anticipated changes or new requirements in this area.	Thank you for your comment. Person-centered planning is not a component of the transition plan and CHFS is working expeditiously on these areas. Your comment has been passed along to the appropriate waiver staff.	Not applicable to the transition plan.
One commenter inquired about giving participants and families access to provider statuses when citations or corrective actions have been issued.	Thank you for your comment. This is not a component of the Kentucky Statewide Transition Plan and your comment will be passed along to the appropriate waiver staff	Not applicable to the transition plan.
Multiple (5) commenters inquired about day programs, including that the transition plan should address how the adult day services will be modified to assure that participants have the opportunity to interact with individuals without disabilities. Another commenter indicated that they have many questions about congregate day programs level of funding. One commenter asked how the transition plan will affect safety net programs in Kentucky.	Thank you for your comment. As indicated in the transition plan, there are a number of federal rules that impact all provider types, including day programs. DMS is currently waiting for guidance from CMS related to non-residential services, including day programs. DMS will give each provider the opportunity to come into compliance. Medicaid's budget does not include the expansion of any Medicaid program, so if additional funding is necessary, then a budget expansion request would be required. Once the	Yes, DMS agrees that additional waiver services and resources evaluation is required. Table 5.2 has been updated to include a capacity, resources, and services analysis section and action.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
	specific provider requirements associated with the HCBS final rules are identified, the services and/or necessary resources will be evaluated.	
One commenter inquired if the Medicaid Waiver Management Application (MWMA) will interface with electronic health records (EHR).	Thank you for your comment. Specific details about systems supporting the waivers are not addressed in the transition plan. Your comment will be passed along to the appropriate waiver staff.	Not applicable to the transition plan.
One commenter inquired if there are ways to use technology to help Kentucky achieve these requirements and promote integration.	Thank you for your comment. DMS will continue to look at additional options to achieve and promote integration.	Yes, DMS agrees and Table 5.1 has been updated to include a state action of identifying potential opportunities to use technology to promote integration.
One commenter inquired about the SCL cutbacks and thinks there needs to be changes to SCL.	Thank you for your comment. Specific details about overall funding and policies for individual waivers are not addressed in the transition plan. Any changes in individual waiver services associated with the new HCBS final rules will be addressed in regulations and will be open for public comment as part of the overall stakeholder involvement process and throughout the Kentucky regulation review process. Your comment will be passed along to the appropriate waiver staff.	Not applicable to the transition plan.
Multiple (3) commenters want to require that all individuals have an option for residential and non-residential services. They feel that Kentucky should require each provider that refuses to provide a service to put the refusal in writing with the reason for the	Thank you for your comment. This is not a component of the Kentucky Statewide Transition Plan and your comment will be passed along to the appropriate waiver staff.	Not applicable to the transition plan.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
denial so Kentucky can review the causes of failure to		
provide services and develop a plan to address the		
issues.		
Multiple (3) commenters inquired about if there are different ways to let residents and families know of HCBS, its services, and its availability.	Thank you for your comment. This is not a component of the Kentucky Statewide Transition Plan and your comment will be passed along to the appropriate waiver staff.	Not applicable to the transition plan.
One commenter stated that there is a possibility that the HCBS final rule impact will cause little to [no] significant change for Kentucky provider agencies.	Thank you for your comment.	The comment did not request a change to the transition plan.
Multiple (2) commenters stated that the plan states that Supports for Community Living (SCL) "participants are individuals who have an intellectual disability", but that it should also include individuals who have other developmental disabilities.	Thank you for your comment. DMS apologizes if the brief summary included in the transition plan did not fully describe the population served through the SCL waiver. The complete definition of the population served in the SCL waiver is outlined in 907 KAR 12:010.	Yes, DMS agrees and the purpose section (section I, page 2) has been updated to include the waiver regulation number for reference.
Multiple (6) commenters commended Kentucky on several positive elements of the Statewide Transition Plan. They liked the use of multiple sources of information for its evaluation of settings, including review of regulations, information from state staff who conduct on-site licensing visits of these settings, and engagement with providers. They believe the Transition Plan proposes to build an on-going monitoring of compliance with the HCBS regulations into its oversight system. The plan outlines a relocation process for individuals who are being provided services in settings that cannot come into compliance with the regulations and includes an initial	Thank you for your comment. DMS appreciates your input.	Yes, DMS agrees.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
analysis and transition plan for non-residential settings.		
Multiple (3) commenters asked how changes in provider compliance level will be assessed and communicated, while another inquired about the appeals process. DMS received a question asking how controlling schedules and activities will work with ADT and how providers who did not respond to the survey were evaluated.	Thank you for your comment. DMS is still developing the provider compliance and heightened scrutiny processes, but information and technical assistance will be shared with providers on a routine basis. DMS is currently waiting for additional guidance from CMS related to the heightened scrutiny process. DMS made an assumption that the remaining providers not surveyed reflect the same distribution of compliance levels as the providers surveyed. Providers who did not respond to the survey will have additional opportunities to provide information at a future point. The Kentucky sanctions regulation (907 KAR 1:671) provides more information on the appeals process. The determination of a compliance level is not one of the actions that can be appealed. However, the initial compliance level is an estimate and DMS will work with providers to come into compliance. Providers will have an opportunity to review their initial compliance level and take actions come into compliance.	Yes, DMS agrees additional information is needed regarding the provider compliance and heightened scrutiny process. The provider assessment (section IV, page 14), the provider level remedial strategies (section V, page 31), and the settings presumed not to be HCB (section V, page 34) sections have been updated to include additional details.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
Multiple (5) commenters asked for more details regarding the heightened scrutiny process for those providers who will be presumed not to be home and community-based. The transition plan does not indicate that it is the state who determines whether to submit evidence to CMS. Commenters stated that the heightened scrutiny process does not explain how DMS will seek input from stakeholders, such as participants and families and some suggested that DMS collect input from participants, families, and advocates when evaluating providers under heightened scrutiny.	Thank you for your comment. DMS has the responsibility to review findings and consolidate sufficient evidence for providers who qualify for heightened scrutiny before submission to CMS. DMS is still developing the provider compliance and heightened scrutiny processes, but information and technical assistance will be shared with providers on a routine basis. The initial compliance level results are targeted to be shared with providers during the first quarter of calendar year 2015. The compliance level of providers is expected to change over time as provider survey responses are validated, additional information is collected, and providers change their practices to comply with the HCBS final rules. The workgroup is developing the compliance plan template and evaluating provider responses. DMS is developing a stakeholder engagement process to obtain input on the implementation of the setting-related HCBS final rules. There will be public forums for providers and for advocates, participants, and families before policies and tools are established. The forums will be focused on Kentucky's plan for defining and operationalizing the setting-related HCBS final	Yes, DMS agrees additional information is needed regarding the heightened scrutiny, compliance plan template, and stakeholder engagement process. The provider assessment (section IV, page 14 and 18), the provider level remedial strategies (section V, page 31), the settings presumed not to be HCB (section V, page 32), and the Table 5.2 sections have been updated to include additional details.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
	rules. Prior to implementation of policies, DMS will use established public consumer, advocacy, and provider groups to review and provide feedback on key changes as well.	
Multiple (29) commenters asked who will be developing the compliance plan template and if providers will have the opportunity to provide input into the template. Another commenter suggested that DMS build off of the surveys and develop the compliance plan template to be very detailed and contain specific checklists and criteria. One commenter requested that the public have an opportunity to give input to the compliance plans before they are approved by DMS.	Thank you for your comment. The workgroup is developing the compliance plan template/tool and evaluating provider responses. The provider compliance plans are not formalized corrective action plans, but draft documents that DMS will use as a means of communicating and assisting the providers' effort to become compliance. When stakeholders were referenced in the transition plan, DMS meant legal guardians, families, participants, parents, siblings, wives, husbands, advocacy groups, friends, and providers. The definition of stakeholders has been added to the Statewide Transition Plan on page 2. DMS is developing a stakeholder engagement process to obtain input on the implementation of the setting-related HCBS final rules. There will be public forums and/or focus groups for providers and for advocates, participants, and families before policies and tools are established. The forums will be focused on Kentucky's plan for defining and operationalizing the setting-related HCBS final	Yes, DMS agrees additional information is needed regarding the workgroup and stakeholder engagement process. The purpose (section I, page 2), regulation and waiver application assessment (section III, page 6), provider assessment (section IV, page 14 and 18), provider level remedial strategies (section V, page 31), Table 5.2, and Table 5.3 sections have been updated to include additional details.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
	rules. Prior to implementation of policies, DMS will use established public consumer, advocacy, and provider groups to review and provide feedback on key changes as well.	
	DMS is also working on a plan to educate participants and/or legal guardians about the HCBS final rules and the potential impacts. Moving forward participants, legal guardians, families, and legal guardians will be involved in defining key elements of the rule. All revisions to the transition plan and updates regarding the HCBS final rules will be posted to the DMS website.	
	There will be many opportunities over the five year transition timeframe when comments may be submitted regarding waivers. Stakeholder comments can be submitted each time changes are proposed to any waiver regulation, waiver application, and waiver renewal.	
Several (18) commenters inquired about when and how DMS will notify providers of their level of compliance with the HCBS final rules. DMS received similar comments asking if providers will be able to submit additional information to justify their level of compliance. Some commenters suggested publishing the list of providers that fall within each category of compliance, while others urged DMS to conduct onsite reviews to validate provider level of compliance.	Thank you for your comment. Given the large number and varying types of non-residential providers in the Commonwealth, calculating percentages provided the most accurate representation of the compliance level. DMS fully intends to complete on-site visits of all providers, regardless of compliance level to confirm compliance with the HCBS final rules. The on-site visits will use an updated	Yes, DMS agrees additional information is needed regarding the provider compliance survey, on-site visits, provider level categorization, and the opportunity for providers to provide additional information. The provider assessment (Section IV, page 18), provider level remedial strategies (section V, page 33), and



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
DMS received a suggestion of listing isolating factors and specific areas of non-compliance for each provider. Several commenters provided feedback on the process for determining provider's category of compliance. Some commenters stated that participants and families should be involved in the categorization of the settings. Overall, commenters requested more details describing how providers' level of compliance will be evaluated and what modifications must be made to providers' settings for them to achieve compliance.	monitoring tool and will occur through regular monitoring visits. Providers identified as noncompliant will potentially require additional onsite visits. Training will be conducted for waiver staff to incorporate new rules into monitoring tools. The categorization of provider compliance included in the transition plan was based on survey and waiver staff data, and is not final. The provider compliance level is an initial estimate and the final categorization will not be based solely on survey data. The compliance plan template is still being developed, and DMS will be seeking provider and participant input on the template. When the plan templates are distributed to providers, providers will be notified of their initial categorization, during the first quarter of calendar year 2015.	Table 5.2 sections have been updated to include additional details.
	Providers will have opportunities to work with the state to complete the template and identify and resolve areas of non-compliance.	
Several (13) commenters inquired about the federal regulation requirement of community integration. Comments include that the plan is unclear and does not go far enough to see significant change and that there needs to be clear definitions around expectations and outcomes and what full community access means. One commenter stated that providers	Thank you for your comment. Integration is a critical component of the new rules and a key part of Medicaid waivers today. Per the HCBS final rules, the individual needs of the waiver participants should be included in the personcentered plan.	Yes, DMS agrees that integration is important. Table 5.1 (page 21) outlines the potential actions each waiver must complete in order to be compliant. Table 5.2 has been updated to include additional details



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
will need more information regarding how to become more integrated in the greater community. Several participants commented that they do not always have the opportunity to go into the community, even when they want to. Questions from commenters include what the requirements for integration look like, if providers must calculate ratios of patients with disabilities versus no disabilities to determine integration, and how the state will take into account the varying needs of waiver participants when identifying integration.	The Statewide Transition Plan outlines DMS' implementation of the plan for the next five years. DMS agrees that more information regarding how community integration will be operationalized and measured is needed. The development of these definitions and requirements is part of the transition process. Stakeholders will be involved in the process prior to the implementation of policies as outlined on page 31.	about stakeholder engagement as well.
One commenter described that if a Community Living Support (CLS) staff person is out with an illness, the participant cannot go out into the community.	CMS has provided additional information and resources regarding residential services: http://www.medicaid.gov/Medicaid-CHIP- Program-Information/By-Topics/Long-Term- Services-and-Supports/Home-and-Community- Based-Services/Home-and-Community-Based- Services.html	
	We have referred your comment to the appropriate waiver staff who will be following-up on your comment.	
Multiple (5) commenters stated that there should be a grievance process for participants and their families to file complaints about non-compliant settings.	Thank you for your comment. There is an established grievance and/or complaint process for each waiver. Based on public comments received, DMS will further analyze the process, ensuring it is clearly defined and publicized. Please see page 31 of the Statewide Transition Plan for additional details.	DMS agrees that more awareness of the grievance process on the participant side is needed. Table 5.2 has been updated to include a section on reviewing and publicizing the grievance processes.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
Several (12) commenters inquired about participant surveys. These include that all compliance monitoring should involve participant surveys, the surveys must be free of influence from providers, and that the participants should be involved in the initial assessment of provider compliance. Some commenters suggested that DMS create an online survey tool specifically for participants, while others suggested submitting questionnaires to participants to evaluate how much choice they have in settings and services, as well as allow them to rate the settings. One commenter recommended that consumer organizations be involved in the creation of the participant surveys.	Thank you for your comment. DMS is working to establish a participant surveying process that will be used to validate provider compliance. The survey process will include mechanisms to minimize potential provider influence. The survey will be developed with input from participants and families. DMS will explore the various options of tools for conducting a participant survey. DMS also recognizes the importance of advocacy group engagement in the creation of participant surveys and the implementation of the HCBS final rules.	Yes, DMS agrees a participant surveying process needs to be developed and/or updated. Table 3.5 and Table 5.2 have been updated to include the development of a participant surveying process.
Several (6) commenters expressed concern over settings presumed not to be HCB. One commenter noted that the transition plan should address in detail how the settings should be modified while another questioned the process that would be implemented if the current programs could not comply with the new rules. One commenter noted that the transition plan should recognize that some of the settings may need to be removed from HCBS.	Thank you for your comment. The Statewide Transition Plan is intended to be a planning roadmap of how CHFS will bring HCBS waivers into compliance with the setting-related HCBS final rules. Please refer to page 36 in the Statewide Transition Plan. The specific details of how settings must be modified has yet to be determined and will vary based on the specific areas of non-compliance for each setting. Providers and participants will have opportunities to provide input into the process.	Yes, DMS agrees that additional information regarding how settings should be modified to become compliant is needed. The provider level remedial strategies (section V, page 34) section and Table 5.5 outline the process for settings presumed not to be HCB and potential actions to become compliant.
	Transition Plan for more information about compliance level 3 and the relocation process	



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
	for information on what will occur if settings need to be removed from the HCBS.	
Multiple (3) commenters expressed concern regarding the provider surveys. One commenter noted that the questions for providers to self-assess were inadequate, while another suggested conducting a second non-residential survey to capture more of the providers.	Thank you for your comment. The provider assessment and compliance level determination is a continuous process that will change as new information is presented and changes are made. DMS made an assumption that the remaining providers that did not respond to the survey reflect the same distribution of compliance levels as the providers who responded. Providers who did not respond to the survey will have additional opportunities to provide information. The provider compliance plan template process, which is still under development, will facilitate the communication and documentation of the providers' compliance level with DMS. The questions from the surveys were modeled from CMS suggested questions. Providers will have additional opportunities to provide input and information on their compliance levels throughout the process.	DMS disagrees with the comment since the survey questions were modeled off the CMS toolkit and ample time was provided for providers to complete the survey. The provider assessment - non-residential settings (section IV, page 18) section describes the provider surveying process.
One commenter suggested that the waiver participant be involved in the relocation process for providers who will not be able to comply with the HCBS final rules.	Thank you for your comment. DMS agrees that participant involvement is very important, and will follow the person-centered planning process for individuals who may need to be relocated. Please refer to page 35 of the Statewide Transition Plan for more information on the relocation process.	Yes, DMS agrees that the relocation process will follow the personcentered planning process and that the individual will be included. The provider level remedial strategies (section V, page 33) section has been updated with additional information.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
Multiple (3) commenters offered feedback about participants controlling their own schedules. Some participants are not able to control their own schedule, depending on staffing, and one participant indicated s/he wanted to work but staff would not allow him/her to have supported employment. Another commenter asked how this requirement would work with the current ADT program.	Thank you for your comment. DMS believes that choice is a critical component of the HCBS final rules and a key part of Medicaid waivers today. The lack of flexibility and autonomy in residential services is being addressed by the HCBS final rules outlined in Table 5.1 (page 26). DMS is still in the process of operationalizing the definitions and the requirements of the HCBS final rules, but information and technical assistance will be shared with providers on a routine basis.	The comment did not request a change to the transition plan.
	DMS will pass your comment to the appropriate waiver staff.	
Several (6) commenters suggested that the timeline for implementation of some of the setting rules is too extended. Suggestions include addressing the most problematic settings earlier to achieve compliance by 2019.	Thank you for your comment. DMS has selected the timeline outlined in the Statewide Transition Plan for the following reasons: 1. The rules included in the second round may have a significant impact on KY HCBS providers and create an access issue depending on the number of providers who will lose the ability to render services because of the rules, if adequate time is not allowed for implementation. 2. DMS has allotted a full year to work with the high volume of providers who will need to undergo heightened scrutiny to assure that	DMS disagrees because the extended timeline allows more providers to come into compliance, ensuring access to HCB services. The state level remedial strategies section (section V, page 21) has been updated to include the reasons for the extended timeline.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
	DMS can spend adequate time working with each provider.	
	3. DMS is giving time for providers to stabilize the first round of changes before moving into the second round.	
	4. DMS will be educating providers as soon as the rules are fully defined and operationalized. The education and compliance process for the second round changes will start before 2018 giving providers ample time to become compliant.	
Multiple (2) commenters stated that trainings will be critical for providers and asked how provider trainings will be conducted. Another commenter suggested that organizations will need guidance on how to become more integrated into the greater community. One commenter suggested that webinar technology needs to be updated if information is going to be disseminated to providers through that channel.	Thank you for your comment. DMS is developing the training process and a stakeholder education plan. Part of the planning process will include evaluating different options for broadcasting the information. DMS will work to reduce technological issues moving forward. Additionally, all meetings are recorded and available on the DMS website.	Yes, DMS agrees a training and education plan is required. Table 5.3 has been updated to include the development of a communication and education plan for participants.
Several (4) commenters highlighted the importance of transportation as it relates to access. Suggestions include making transportation a more prominent component of the transition plan and clarifying the payment and performance mechanism for provision of transportation.	Thank you for your comment. DMS agrees that transportation is an important part of HCBS waivers. The Statewide Transition Plan outlines DMS' implementation strategy and will not address the specific details about waiver services. Once the specific provider requirements associated with the HCBS final rules are identified, the services will be evaluated.	Yes, DMS agrees that additional evaluation of waiver services and resources is required. Table 5.2 has been updated to include a resources analysis section and action.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
One commenter inquired about how the transition plan will affect home health and adult day care facilities, as well as "non-mental health" patients.	Thank you for your comment. The setting-related HCBS final rules have two sections, one that applies to all settings, including non-residential settings and one section that only applies to residential settings. The first five requirements of the rules listed in Table 3.2 and 3.3 apply to all settings and services, including adult day care facilities. All patients who receive services from an HCBS waiver are affected in the same way, regardless of diagnosis.	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.
Several (2) commenters stated that the rule changes need to be more specific, which will make the requirements more easily enforceable. Additionally, one commenter suggested that DMS utilize guidance from CMS and update the transition plan as more guidance is released.	Thank you for your comment. The Statewide Transition Plan outlines DMS' implementation strategy for the setting-related HCBS final rules over the next five years. DMS agrees that more information regarding the rules is needed and that further development of the definitions and requirements is part of the transition process. Stakeholders will be involved in the process prior to the implementation of policies as outlined in Table 5.2. The Statewide Transition Plan will be updated and assessed as additional guidance is provided by CMS. The workgroup used CMS toolkits to develop the Statewide Transition Plan and will continue to use CMS guidance as a reference. CMS has provided additional information and resources regarding residential services:	DMS is still developing the specific requirements of the rules and the transition plan will not be updated at this time.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
	http://www.medicaid.gov/Medicaid-CHIPso- Program-Information/By-Topics/Long-Term- Services-and-Supports/Home-and-Community- Based-Services/Home-and-Community-Based- Services.html	
One commenter noted it takes over three weeks to get a criminal record check for employees in the CDO program.	Thank you for your comment. This is not a component of the Kentucky Statewide Transition Plan and your comment will be passed along to the appropriate waiver staff.	Not applicable to the transition plan.
Multiple (4) commenters inquired about freedom of choice for participants. Comments include a participant who was told by staff that s/he could not live alone, even if s/he were to get married, while another participant said s/he has never been given a choice of where to live or roommates. Another comment was that participants cannot have freedom of choice without capacity, and so, capacity will need to be evaluated and increased. The transition plan needs to be made clear that the provider is not allowed to evade the requirement of giving the participants the choice of a private room.	Thank you for your comment. DMS believes that choice is a critical component of the HCBS final rules and a key part of Medicaid waivers today. The implementation of the HCBS final rules ensures that each individual has the option to select a private room and that roommate selection is an individual choice. Once the specific provider requirements associated with the HCBS final rules are identified, services and provider capacity will be evaluated. A section in Table 5.2 has been added to the Statewide Transition Plan outlining the evaluation process.	Yes, DMS agrees the language needs to be strengthened. Table 5.2 has been updated to include a capacity, resources, and services analysis section and action. Table 5.5 has been updated with clarifying language.
Multiple (3) commenters asked what information would need to be presented in order to determine that the provider does not have characteristics of an institution. Another commenter expressed concern that DMS is defining an area where there is more than one residence occupied by individuals receiving HCBS	Thank you for your comment. CMS released additional information regarding potential isolating and non-HCBS settings that provides clarification. All settings identified as presumed not to be HCBS will have the opportunity to	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
as potentially having the characteristics of an institution. Further, the commenter stated that having	complete the heightened scrutiny process and provide evidence of compliance.	
a couple of houses on the same road or some neighborhood does not meet the definition of isolating.	Please follow the below link for more information regarding settings that have the potential to isolate: http://www.medicaid.gov/medicaid-chip-program-information/by-topics/long-term-services-and-supports/home-and-community-based-services/downloads/settings-that-isolate.pdf	
Several (2) commenters discussed heightened scrutiny. One commenter stated that providers with numerous homes on one street would fall under heightened scrutiny while another confirmed his/her understanding that providers who fall under heightened scrutiny will need to submit evidence to the state first.	Thank you for your comment. Yes, DMS agrees that providers presumed not to be in compliance must submit evidence to DMS first and then DMS will corroborate the evidence. DMS will make the decision to submit evidence to CMS. DMS is however still waiting on further clarification from CMS on the specific heightened scrutiny process. Additional information regarding potential isolating settings and the heightened scrutiny process can be found at the following link: http://www.medicaid.gov/Medicaid-CHIP-Program-Information/By-Topics/Long-Term-Services-and-Supports/Home-and-Community-Based-Services.html	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
Several (4) commenters asked questions related to the lease requirement. These include other requirements that will be developed, if the lease will hinder the individual moving to another provider, and if a provider who owns multiple houses may have one lease for all of their locations, and what is required in the case of a room change. One commenter suggested that the state implement consistent tenant rights and responsibilities.	Thank you for your comment. Lease options will be considered when lease requirements are defined. Kentucky's interpretation of the rule is that an individual will have the option of choice each time s/he moves residences. The requirements of the lease agreement are still being developed, but should reflect the actual residence where the individual resides.	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.
Several (4) commenters summarized key components of the plan and noted positive aspects. Comments include that stakeholders are pleased that modifications will be considered rights restrictions. Other commenters noted the transparency that Kentucky is assuring with the details of the plan.	Thank you for your comment. DMS appreciates your input.	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.
Multiple (3) commenters stated their concern of individuals having keys to the exterior of the house, for fear that the key would be lost, stolen, or copied and potentially leading to breaking and entering. Another suggestion is to clarify who "appropriate staff" having keys are. Another comment stated that the discussion of physical accessibility is inadequate and to be accessible, a setting must meet certain construction standards.	Thank you for your comment. The HCBS final rule requires physical accessibility and a potential example of implementing this rule is by giving individuals residence keys. This is just an example and DMS agrees that it will be important to identify options that allow accessibility and promote safety. As part of the person-centered planning process the individual's team should decide the appropriate individuals and staff who can have full access to keys. More details/definitions will be developed and discussed as a part of the implementation process.	DMS agrees that additional examples of implementation actions are needed. The specific requirements are still being developed, but Table 5.6 has been updated with clarifying language.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
One commenter stated that the transition plan is not detailed about how it will ensure individuals are offered choices of non-disability specific settings.	Thank you for your comment. DMS will update the Statewide Transition Plan to address provider capacity and service assessment as we implement the HCBS final rules.	Yes, DMS agrees that an evaluation of additional waiver services, capacity, and resources is required. Table 5.2 has been updated to include a capacity, resources, and services analysis section and action.
Several (5) commenters stated that they do not have a choice of roommate in their residential setting. Other commenters asked for clarification around what choice of roommate means, and if participants will be able to live alone if they choose. Overall, commenters are requesting more detail of how this rule will be implemented.	Thank you for your comment. DMS believes that choice is a critical component of the HCBS final rules and a key part of Medicaid waivers today. The HCBS final rules are focused on choice and DMS hopes that individuals will have multiple service and setting options. The individual will have to weigh his/her options, including residential providers, locations, availability, resources, and roommate options. The implementation of the HCBS final rules ensures that each individual has the option to select a private room and that roommate selection is an individual choice. Kentucky's interpretation is that choice to live alone means a private room in a house occupied by other waiver recipients. Based on a person's needs and desires, it may also be appropriate for a person to choose to live alone with necessary supports.	DMS is still developing the specific requirements of the rules and the transition plan will not be updated at this time.
One commenter inquired about the process for setting selection, how individuals will select settings, and what informed consent means for individuals. The questions include how legal guardians and parents or	Thank you for your comment. Legal guardians are an integral part of the process, as well as parents, family members and/or individuals identified by the member. More detail/definition is needed for informed	Yes, DMS agrees that legal guardians are synonymous with participants and that they play an integral part of the process. The purpose section (section 1, page 2) has been updated.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
other family members are involved in the setting selection process.	consent and setting selection, which will be part of the development process.	
One commenter asked if the rule allowing visitors at any time will require a 24-hour staffed residence.	Thank you for your comment. Currently, the opportunity to have visitors at any time is addressed through the person-centered process for providers to accommodate the person's choices. This opportunity should be afforded to anyone receiving residential services and does not require a 24 hour setting. This expectation is stated in the HCBS final rules and will continue in the future	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.
One commenter urged DMS and CHFS to support improvements without undermining existing safety net programs.	Thank you for your comment. The goal of the HCBS final rules is to improve home and community based services, including public safety net programs.	Yes, DMS agrees with the comment, but interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.
Multiple (5) commenters asked who the members of the workgroup are and what opportunities are available for stakeholders to be a part of the process.	Thank you for your comment. At this time the workgroup is an internal CHFS group comprised of staff from three departments representing each HCBS waiver operated in the Commonwealth. DMS is developing a stakeholder engagement process to obtain input on the implementation of the setting-related HCBS final rules. There will be public forums and/or focus groups for providers and for advocates, participants, and families before policies and tools are established. The forums will be focused on Kentucky's plan for defining and operationalizing the setting-related HCBS final rules. Prior to implementation of policies,	Yes, DMS agrees additional information is needed regarding the workgroup and stakeholder engagement process. The regulation and waiver application assessment (section III, page 6) and Table 5.2 sections have been updated to include additional details.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
	DMS will use established public consumer, advocacy, and provider groups to review and provide feedback on key changes as well.	
Several (5) commenters inquired about participant/legal guardian/family involvement in the implementation of the HCBS final rules. These include the importance of seeking input from waiver participants and families, and specifically giving these individuals opportunities to provide input on the compliance plan template. One commenter noted that the transition plan does not include sufficient opportunities for input and suggested that additional steps be taken to ensure that these stakeholders have meaningful opportunities to comment. Another commenter suggested written notice be provided to participants and that educational forums be hosted.	Thank you for your comment. When stakeholders were referenced in the transition plan, DMS meant legal guardians, families, participants, parents, siblings, wives, husbands, advocacy groups, friends, and providers. The definition of stakeholders has been added to the Statewide Transition Plan on page 2. DMS is developing a stakeholder engagement process to obtain input on the implementation of the setting-related HCBS final rules. There will be public forums and/or focus groups for providers and for advocates, participants, and families before policies and tools are established. The forums will be focused on Kentucky's plan for defining and operationalizing the setting-related HCBS final rules. Prior to implementation of policies, DMS will use established public consumer, advocacy, and provider groups to review and provide feedback on key changes as well. The workgroup will develop the evaluation tools and surveys based on the finalized definition and operationalization of the rules.	Yes, DMS agrees additional information is needed regarding stakeholders and their engagement process. Table 5.2 has been updated to include additional details.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
	The provider compliance plans are not formalized corrective action plans, but draft documents that DMS will use as a means of communicating and assisting providers with compliance.	
Several (7) commenters offered feedback on the public comment process. One commenter asked how updates will be posted on the DMS' webpage, while another suggested adding a public comment link to the homepage. Some commenters stated that they believe the 30 day timeframe was too short to provide meaningful comments and that there was a lack of public input into the creation of the transition plan. Two commenters noted that there were no Kentucky-sponsored public meetings to inform stakeholders of changes. One commenter urged DMS to seek stakeholder input as regulations are being developed. In addition to comments, DMS received several questions about the public comment, including if comments may only be made in reference to the subject of the public comment period, if there are only two one-month periods where comments may be submitted on the waivers, and if family members should have expanded opportunities to comment.	Thank you for your comment. DMS is working on tight timelines established by CMS. The Kentucky Statewide Transition Plan was open for public comment from November 5th through December 5th and publicized via newspapers, DMS website, emails to individual waiver providers, provider associations, members of the HB144 Commission and the Commonwealth Council on Developmental Disabilities (CCDD), DMS' advocacy email distribution list, a presentation to the CCDD, and the HB 144 meeting. There will be many opportunities over the five year timeframe when comments may be submitted regarding waivers. Stakeholder comments can be submitted each time changes are made to any waiver regulation, waiver application, and waiver renewal.	DMS interprets that the comment does not warrant a change to the transition plan.
A commenter suggested that Kentucky provide written notice to participants and provide educational forums throughout the state. Additionally, one commenter requested that Kentucky inform participants that their comments may also be directed to CMS.	Thank you for your comment. DMS is working on a plan (materials and dissemination options) to educate participants and/or legal guardians about the HCBS final rules and the potential impacts. Moving forward participants, legal	Yes, DMS agrees additional information regarding participant education is needed. Table 5.3 has been updated with additional information.



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
	guardians, and families will be involved in defining key elements of the rule.	
A commenter stated it is hard to tell how DMS determined if a setting was isolating. The commenter requested DMS to list the specific isolating factors of each setting, that the specific setting under each category should be made public, and that public input should be sought before the categorization of the setting is finalized.	Thank you for your comment. DMS is further developing the definitions and requirements of the HCBS final rules. The categorization of providers in compliance level four (presumed not to be HCB) was based on the below rules (outlined in the settings section starting on page 17). • Located in a building that is also a facility that	
	provides in-patient institutional treatment	
	On the grounds of, or immediately adjacent to an institution	
	Setting that has the effect of isolating individuals receiving Medicaid HCBS from the broader community of individuals not receiving Medicaid HCBS	
	Operated in an area (e.g., a neighborhood, a street or a neighboring street, etc.) where there is more than one residence in the area that is occupied by individuals receiving HCBS	
	Operated in multi-family properties with more than one unit occupied by individuals receiving Medicaid HCBS	
	Operated in a remote location (rural, farmstead, etc.)	
	Additional information regarding potentially isolating settings can be found at the following	



Comment Summary (Number Received)	Response	Update to Transition Plan
	link: http://www.medicaid.gov/medicaid-chip-program-information/by-topics/long-term-services-and-supports/home-and-community-based-services/downloads/settings-that-isolate.pdf	
	The provider compliance level is an initial estimate and the final categorization will not be based solely on survey data. Providers will be notified of their estimated compliance level when the provider compliance plan template is released.	

Summary of modifications based on public comments:

- I. Background more details added
- II. Introduction references added
- II. Introduction
 - o A. Purpose more details added
 - Table 2.1 more details and public forums added
- III. Assessment Process Systemic Review
 - o A. Regulation and Waiver Application Assessment more details added
 - Table 3.5 participant surveys added
- IV. Provider Assessment more details added
- IV. Provider Assessment
 - o B. Non Residential Settings more details added
- V. Remedial Strategies
 - o A. State Level Remedial Strategies
 - 1. Policy more details added



- Table 5.1 more details added
- Table 5.2
 - State staff training more details added
 - Capacity, resources, and services section added
 - Surveying process participant surveys added
 - Grievance process section added
 - Communication plan for stakeholders stakeholder engagement process added
- Table 5.3 education plan added
- o B. Provider Level Remedial Strategies more details added
 - 1. Settings presumed not to be HCB clarifications added
 - Table 5.5 clarifications added

At the time the Statewide Transition Plan is filed with CMS, the transition plan will also be posted to the state website. The URL for the filed transition plan is http://www.chfs.ky.gov/dms. The Statewide Transition Plan, with any modifications made as a result of public input, will be posted for public information no later than the date of submission to CMS.



VII. Appendix

A. Residential Provider Survey

The below survey questions were administered to all residential waiver providers through a web-based survey tool. The providers were notified of the survey either by email or provider letter.

- 1. Name
- 2. Agency (if identified)
- 3. Are any of your residences on the grounds of, or adjacent to, an institution?
 - i. If yes, please provide the name and address of the residence(s):
 - ii. Comments:
- 4. Do any of your residences operate in an area (e.g., a neighborhood, a street or a neighboring street, etc.) where there is more than one residence in the area that is occupied by individuals receiving Medicaid Home and Community-Based Services
 - i. If yes, please provide the name and address of the residence(s)
 - ii. Comments:
- 5. Do you operate any multi-family properties with more than one unit occupied by individuals receiving Medicaid HCBS?
 - i. If yes, please provide the name and address of the properties:
 - ii. Comments:
- 6. Do you operate a residence in a rural setting?
 - i. If yes, please provide the name and address of the residence(s):
 - ii. Comments:
- 7. Do individuals participate in unscheduled and scheduled community activities in the same manner as individuals not receiving Medicaid HCBS?
 - i. Consider the following in your response.
 - 1. Does the individual regularly access the community?
 - ii. Comments:
- 8. For how many people does your agency provide residential services?
 - i. Comments:
- 9. Of those members receiving residential services, how many does your agency provide day services for?
 - i. Comments:
- 10. Of those members receiving residential services, how many people attend a sheltered workshop?
 - i. Comments:



- 11. Are individuals employed or active in the community?
 - i. Consider the following in your response.
 - 1. Does the individual work in an integrated community setting?
 - 2. If the individual would like to work, is there activity that ensures the opportunity to work?
 - ii. Comments:
- 12. Of those members receiving residential services, how many work in the community making minimum wage or better?
 - i. Comments:
- 13. Of those members receiving residential services, how many people volunteer in the community?
 - i. Comments:
- 14. (Q11) 12. Do individuals choose and control a schedule that meets his or her wishes in accordance with a person-centered plan?
 - i. Consider the following in your response.
 - 1. How is it made clear that the individual is not required to adhere to a set schedule?
 - ii. Comments:
- 15. Do individuals control their personal resources?
 - i. Consider the following in your response.
 - 1. Does the individual have a checking or savings account or other means to control his/her funds?
 - 2. Does the individual have access to his or her resources?
 - ii. Comments:
- 16. Does the individual have choice of meal time, place and menu?
 - i. Comments:
- 17. Does the individual have full access to typical home facilities such as kitchen, dining area, laundry?
 - i. Comments:
- 18. Is assistance provided to an individual in private when needed and in such a language the individual understands?
 - i. Comments:
- 19. Is the individual's health information kept private?
 - i. Comments:
- 20. Do you create a lease agreement or residential contract with individuals receiving Medicaid HCBS living in any of your residences? Please email your lease agreement as instructed in the cover email by May 29th.
 - i. Comments:
- 21. Are individuals protected from eviction and afforded appeal rights in the same manner as all persons in the State who are not receiving HCBS?
 - i. Please describe policy or procedure:



- 22. Name:
- 23. Agency Name:

B. Non-Residential Provider Survey

The below survey questions were administered to all non-residential waiver providers through a web-based survey tool. The providers were notified of the survey either by email or provider letter.

- 1. Name:
- 2. Agency:
- 3. Email Address:
- 4. Please provide the addresses of all of your settings, if applicable:
- 5. Please select the Medicaid HCB waiver for which your agency/organization provides services: ABI, ABI-LTC, HCB, MPW, MII or SCL
- 6. Please select which of the following provider types best describes your agency: ADHC, Home Health Agency, or Other
 - i. Other Non-residential Provider (specify here): ADT, Case Management, OT, PT, ST, CLS, etc.
- 7. Are participants' schedules for PT, OT, medications, restricted diet, etc., posted in a general open area for all to view?
 - i. Please explain how privacy is ensured/protected:
- 8. As part of your waiver services, do your participants participate in activities in the greater community?
 - i. Please provide examples of activities that participants engage in in the greater community:
- 9. Do participants have the freedom to make their own choices while receiving services at your program (if s/he is able to make independent choices)?
 - i. Consider the following in your response:
 - 1. Do participants have autonomy to choose daily activities?
 - 2. Do participants choose who they interact with?
 - ii. Please provide examples of how participants have freedom of choice:
- 10. Do you facilitate the participants' choice of services, supports, and who provides them?
 - i. Please explain:
- 11. Are participants given a choice of available options regarding where to receive services (not applicable to ADHCs)?
 - i. Please explain how the participants are given choice:
- 12. Is it made clear that participants are not required to adhere to a set schedule for activities, etc.?
 - i. Please explain your response to set schedules for participants:



- 13. Do participant schedules vary from others in the same setting?
 - i. Please explain your response to varying schedules among participants:
- 14. Do participants have access to things that interest them and can they schedule such activities at their convenience?
- 15. Are any of your programs within, on the grounds of, or adjacent to, an institution (nursing facility, institution for mental disease, intermediate care facility for participants with intellectual disabilities, or hospital)?
 - i. Please provide address/addresses of any programs within, on the grounds of, or adjacent to, an institution:
- 16. Do any of your programs operate in an area (e.g. a neighborhood, a street or a neighboring street, etc.) where there is more than one facility/program in the area providing services to individuals receiving Medicaid Home and Community-Based Services (HCBS)?
 - i. If you answered yes in the previous question, please provide examples of how your agency helps participants engage in the broader community:
 - ii. Please provide the address/addresses of your programs where there is more than one facility/program in the area providing services to individuals receiving Medicaid HCBS:
- 17. Is the non-residential site considered to be remote and outside of a city limits?
- 18. Do you ensure that participants have rights of privacy, dignity and respect, and freedom from coercion and restraint?
 - i. Please provide justification that you ensure participants have rights of privacy, dignity and respect and freedom from coercion and restraint:
- 19. Does staff converse with participants while providing assistance and during the regular course of daily activities?
- 20. Does staff address participants in the manner in which they would like to be addressed?
- 21. Is individual choice facilitated in a manner that leaves the participant feeling empowered to make decisions?
 - i. Please provide justification that individual choice is facilitated to make the participant feel empowered:
- 22. Does staff ask participants about their needs and preferences?
- 23. Does your program accommodate the participant's needs and preferences?
 - i. Please explain how your program does, or does not, accommodate the participant's needs and preferences:
- 24. Do participants know how to change or request a change to their program, service, or activity they receive?
- 25. Does the participant know how and to whom to make a request for a new provider?
 - i. Please explain the process for how participants request a new provider:
- 26. Do you ask your participants if they are satisfied with their services, outside of surveying?
 - i. If yes, please explain how you use that information:
 - ii. If no, please explain why you do not ask the participants if they are satisfied:



C. Proof of Public Notice

Website Posting – 2015



DELVICES MEDICIAL INFORMACION ANNOUNCEMEN

CMS Final Rule Webinar

Nov. 9, 2015 - **Update** - The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) has adopted new final federal regulations which address home- and community-based setting requirements for Medicaid waivers. View a <u>webinar</u> on this topic conducted on June 5, 2014 by CHFS staff. Or, you may review the <u>handout</u> or the <u>Q</u> and <u>A</u> document about the CMS final regulations.

The final rule provides for a five-year transition process to allow Kentucky to implement this rule to support continuity of services for Medicaid participants and minimize disruptions in services during implementation. The submitted Statewide Transition Plan offers the steps DMS will take to effectively plan for and execute the transition with public engagement.

- · View the KY Statewide Transition Plan Public Notice
- · View the KY Statewide Transition Plan

Public Comment - If you wish to submit written comments regarding the public notices please do so by <a href="mailto:e

Department for Medicaid Services HCB Final Rule Statewide Transition Plan Commissioners Office 275 E. Main St., 6W-A Frankfort, KY 40621

Adjusted Primary Care Payment Update

Sept. 17, 2015 - In accordance with the <u>Patient</u>

<u>Protection and Affordable Care Act (ACA)</u>, certain

- -
- Humana
- · Kentucky Spirit
- Passport
- Wellcare

Federal and State Resources

- Kentucky Medicaid
 Management Information
 System (KYMMIS)
- Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services
- Medicaid.gov
- · Office of the Ombudsman



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11/6/2014

Website posting – 2014

What's New Spotlight CMS Final Rule Webinar Commissioner's Health and Welfare Presentations (Nov. 5, 2014) - UPDATE - The Centers for Medicare *New* and Medicaid Services (CMS) has adopted new final · 2014 MCO Provider federal regulations which address home- and Forums community-based setting requirements for Medicaid · White House Report: Missed Opportunities and waivers. View a webinar on this topic conducted on June The Consequences of State 5 by CHFS staff. Or, you may review the handout or the Decisions Not to Expand Q and A document about the CMS final regulations. Medicaid DMS Newsletters The final rule provides for a five-year transition process · View the Past Medicaid to allow Kentucky to implement this rule to support MCO Provider Educational continuity of services for Medicaid participants and Forums minimize disruptions in services during implementation. Kentucky Medicaid This proposed transition plan offers the steps DMS will Commissioner Selected for take to effectively plan for and execute the transition Medicaid Leadership with public engagement. Institute View the KY Statewide Transition Plan Public Notice. · View the Proposed KY Statewide Transition Plan. Helpful Links · View the SCL Additional Slot Request Public Comment - If you wish to submit written Directories comments regarding the public notices please do so by · Kentucky Medicaid Provider email or by mailing them to the following address by Directory Dec. 5, 2014: Kentucky Medicaid/KCHIP Department for Medicaid Services Dental Provider Listing HCB Final Rule Statewide Transition Plan · Managed Care Online Commissioners Office Provider Directory 275 E. Main St., 6W-A KY MCO Preferred Drug Frankfort, KY 40621 Lists (PDL) · Anthem Attention Providers Coventry • Humana Read the General Provider Letter #A-97 - Medicaid Managed Care Open Enrollment (Oct. 1, 2014) Kentucky Spirit · Passport Kentucky Medicaid Open Enrollment Information Wellcare for Jan. 1, 2015 Federal and State Resources The Department for Medicaid Services currently is in 11:14 AM



Newspaper posting – 2015

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COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY CABINET FOR HEALTH AND FAMILY SERVICES DEPARTMENT FOR MEDICAID SERVICES

PUBLIC NOTICE

The Canimet for Health and Family Services (CHFS). Department for Medicaid Services (DMS), in accordance with 42 CFR 441.301, hereby provides a 30-day public notice and comment period for its revised Statewide Transition Pisn for all Home and Community-Based Services, waivers to comply with the requirements set forth in Final Rule - CMS 2249-F - 1915(I) State Plan Home and Community-Based Services, 5-Year Period for Waivers, Provider Payment Reassignment, Setting Requirements for Community First Choice, and CMS 2296-F 1915(c) Home and Community-Based Services Waivers (Final Rule).

The Final Rule provides for a five-year transition process that will allow Kentucky to implement this rule in a marrier that supports continuity of services for Medicaid participants and minimizes disruptions in service during implementation. This Statewide Transition Plan is a revision to the initial draft submitted to CMS in December, 2014, and offers the steps that DMS will facilitaate in order to effectively plan for this transition and their successfully execute the transition, with the engagement of the public.

The following website can be used to view the proposed Statewide Transtion Plan: http://www.chis.ky.gov/dms.

If you would like to receive a hard copy of the Statewide Transition Plan, please call (502) 554-4321 or email CMSfinuHCBRule@ky.gov.

Public Comment

If you wish to submit written comments regarding this public notice please do so by emailing them to CASSInaiHCBButeGky.gov or by mailing them to the tollowing address by December 10, 2015:

Department for Medicard Services
HCB Finel Rule Statewide Transition Plan
Commissioners Office
275 E. Main Street, BW-A
Frankfort, Kentucky 40621

REW YOU YOU TODAY Bast-2033 Arington Blvd, Colony States 2 bdrm., 2 bath, No Pets \$595 mo. = \$595 dep. 903-5683

For Rent - 3 Bedroom 2 Bath Mobile Home in Colony Estates: Owensboro :\$625 per month, \$625 daposit. 270-315-3769

NOTICE 0

The President of Daviess County Pu 11:00 A.M., C.T., on November 17. : nounced at least forty-eight hours in evelom), receive at the office of the Bourn 202, Owensborn, Kentucky 42 imately \$4,340,000 of the Corpora (Audubon Area Community Services, be dated their date of initial issuar bonds in denominations in multiple maturing as to principal in varying ar 2017 through 2028. Ronds of this iss are subject to redemption prior to th 1, 2026. Alternatively, written seale designated time will be received at ti Arry Street, Room 202, Owensboro, F. Bids must be on Official Bid Form or ment, available from the undersigns tion, 377 East Main Street, Lexingtor the Official Terms and Conditions of Official Statement for further details shall be submitted via BIDCOMP714/1 B/DCOMP***/PARITY*** may be obto Broadway - 2nd Floor, New York, N Sale on tax-exempt basis, subject to Short LLP, Bond Counsel, Covington "ouglified tox-exempt obligations" i Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as Right to reject bids or waive informat DAVESS COUNT

> By. /s/ Al M Preside



Newspaper posting – 2014

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY CABINET FOR HEALTH AND FAMILY SERVICES

DEPARTMENT FOR MEDICAID SERVICES

PUBLIC NOTICE

The Cabinet for Health and Family Services (CHFS), Department for Medicaid Services (DMS), in accordance with 42 CFR 441.301, hereby provides a 30-day public notice and comment period for its Statewide Transition Plan for all Home and Community-Based Services waivers to comply with the requirements set forth in *Final Rule - CMS 2249-F – 1915(i)* State Plan Home and Community-Based Services, 5-Year Period for Waivers, Provider Payment Reassignment, Setting Requirements for Community First Choice, and CMS 2296-F 1915(c) Home and Community-Based Services Waivers (Final Rule).

The Final Rule provides for a five-year transition process that will allow Kentucky to implement this rule in a manner that supports continuity of services for Medicaid participants and minimizes disruptions in service during implementation. This proposed Statewide Transition Plan offers the steps that DMS will facilitate in order to effectively plan for this transition and then successfully execute the transition, with the engagement of the public.

DMS also provides a 30-day public notice and comment period for the Supports for Community Living (SCL) waiver amendment to add 200 additional slots in state fiscal years 2014-2015 and 240 additional slots in state fiscal years 2015-2016.

The following website can be used to view the proposed Statewide Transition Plan and the SCL waiver amendment: http://www.chfs.ky.gov/dms.

Public Comment

If you wish to submit written comments regarding this public notice please do so by emailing them to CMSfinalHCBRule@ky.gov or by mailing them to the following address by December 5, 2014:



Department for Medicaid Services

HCB Final Rule Statewide Transition Plan

Commissioners Office

275 E. Main Street, 6W-A

Frankfort, Kentucky 40621

D. Proof of Public Comment

Email and mail
HB144 commissioner meeting